



Cruel Numbers 2023

A Compilation of Statistics on Child Sexual Abuse
Reported Cases in Pakistan

Cases of Child Abuse

2325 Boys

1928 Girls

Cruel Numbers 2023

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Acronyms

AJK	Azad Jammu & Kashmir
CSA	Child Sexual Abuse
FATA	Federally Administered Tribal Areas
FIR	First Information Report
GB	Gilgit Baltistan
ICT	Islamabad Capital Territory
JJSO	Juvenile Justice System Ordinance
LHRLA	Lawyers for Human Rights and Legal Aid
SA	Sexual Abuse
UN	United Nations
UNCRC	United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child

Report Highlights

Sahil has compiled its signature publication 'Cruel Numbers 2023' by monitoring 81 national and regional newspapers daily.

The objectives of this report are:

- To present the data on the situation regarding violence against children (*up to 18 years*).
- To contribute to existing information on CSA in Pakistan.
- To contribute towards spreading awareness and information about different forms of Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) to all segments of society.

In the year 2023, a total number of **4213** child abuse cases have been reported in newspapers. These cases were reported from all four provinces including Islamabad Capital Territory (ICT), Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK), and Gilgit Baltistan (GB).

The total of 4213 cases includes reported cases of child sexual abuse (CSA), cases of abduction, cases of missing children, and cases of child marriages.

The data shows that 11 children have been abused per day during the year 2023. Gender divide analysis shows that out of the total reported cases of child abuse, 2251 (53%) of victims were girls and 1962 (47%) were boys.

The reported age shows that children are most vulnerable to abuse in the age group of 6-15 years, in which more boys than girls' victims were reported. Moreover, children as young as 0-5 years are also sexually abused.

The abuser's category of Cruel Numbers 2023 indicates that acquaintances are still the most involved in child sexual abuse, along with Relative, family members, strangers and women abettors.

The geographical divide statistics shows that out of the total 4213 reported cases, 75% were reported from Punjab, 13% cases from Sindh, 7% cases from Islamabad capital territory, 3% cases from Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), and 2% cases from Baluchistan, Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK), and Gilgit Baltistan (GB).

These reported cases, 91% of cases were registered with the police which that is positive sign of an active police.

The cases of only CSA were 2021, with both genders equally victimized.

A total number of 61 cases reported murder after sexual abuse.

A total number of 1833 cases were reported of abduction

A total number of 330 cases of missing children were reported.

In cases of child marriages, 29 cases were reported with 27 cases of girls, and 2 cases of boy.

In this year, Sahil also monitored cases of children up to 18 years, who had suffered some kind of injury or death.

Out of a total of 2184 cases monitored, highest numbers were of children were 694 drowned 401, died in accidents 286, murdered 121 tortured, 111 injured 110 committed suicide and died from 103 electric shocks.

These shocking results need attention.

رپورٹ کی جھلکیاں

ساحل ظالم اعداد ۲۰۲۳ کی رپورٹ کو مرتب کرنے کے لئے کل ۸۱ قومی اور علاقائی اخبارات کی جانچ پڑتال کی گئی۔ سال ۲۰۲۳ میں پاکستان کے چاروں صوبوں، اسلام آباد، آزاد کشمیر اور گلگت بلتستان سے بچوں پر تشدد کے مجموعی طور ۴۲۱۳ واقعات رپورٹ ہوئے۔ اس سال رپورٹ ہونے والے کل ۴۲۱۳ واقعات میں بچوں سے جنسی زیادتی، اغواء، گمشدگی، اور جبری کم عمری کی شادی کے واقعات شامل ہیں۔ اس سال مطابق روزانہ ۱۱ بچے تشدد کا شکار ہوئے۔

اس سال بھی پچھلے سال کی طرح لڑکیوں کے ساتھ تشدد کی شرح لڑکوں کی نسبت زیادہ رہی۔ اعداد و شمار کے مطابق اس سال ۲۲۵۱ لڑکیاں اور ۱۹۶۲ لڑکوں کو تشدد کا نشانہ بنایا گیا۔

سال ۲۰۲۳ میں رپورٹ ہونے والے واقعات میں ۱۵-۶۰ سال تک کی عمر کے بچے سب سے زیادہ زیادتی کا شکار ہوئے جس میں زیادہ تعداد لڑکوں کی ہے تاہم ۵ سال تک کے بچے اور بچیاں بھی زیادتی کا شکار ہوئے۔

ساحل ظالم اعداد ۲۰۲۳ کی رپورٹ کے مطابق اس سال بھی سب سے زیادہ جاننے والے لوگ ہی بچوں سے زیادتی میں ملوث پائے گئے۔ اس کے علاوہ پیشہ ور افراد، اپنے ہی خاندان کے افراد، نامعلوم افراد اور خواتین بھی شامل ہیں۔

اس سال رپورٹ ہونے والے کل واقعات میں سے سب سے زیادہ واقعات پنجاب سے رپورٹ ہوئے جبکہ باقی تینوں صوبوں بشمول اسلام آباد، آزاد کشمیر اور گلگت بلتستان سے بھی واقعات سامنے آئے ہیں۔

۱- اس سال رپورٹ ہونے والے کل واقعات میں سے ۵۱ فیصد دیہی علاقوں سے جبکہ (۲۰۷۹) ۴۹ فیصد شہری علاقوں سے رپورٹ ہوئے ساحل ظالم اعداد ۲۰۲۳ کے مطابق اس سال کل ۲۰۲۱ بچوں کو جنسی زیادتی کا نشانہ بنایا گیا۔

سال ۲۰۲۳ میں کل ۶۱ بچوں کو جنسی زیادتی کے بعد قتل کیا گیا۔

سال ۲۰۲۳ میں بچوں کے اغواء کے کل ۱۹۳۸ واقعات رپورٹ ہوئے

سال ۲۰۲۳ میں بچوں کے گمشدگی کے کل ۳۳۰ واقعات رپورٹ ہوئے۔ سال ۲۰۲۳ میں بچوں کی کم عمری میں شادی کے کل ۲ واقعات رپورٹ ہوئے جن میں سے ۲ واقعات لڑکیوں کے اور ۲ واقعات لڑکے کے رپورٹ ہوئے۔

اس سال خصوصاً ساحل نے بچوں پر ہونے والے تشدد، جسکی وجہ سے انہیں جسمانی تکلیف یا اموات کے واقعات رونما ہوئے کے اعداد و شمار بھی ریکارڈ کیے۔ سال ۲۰۲۳ میں کل ۲۱۴۸ واقعات رپورٹ ہوئے سب سے زیادہ بچے ۶۹۴ ڈوب گئے، ۴۰۱ روڈ حادثات میں جا بخت، ۲۸۶ قتل، ۱۲۱ بچوں پر تشدد،

۱۱۱ بچوں نے خود کشی، اور ۱۰۳ بجلی لگنے سے جا بخت ہوئے

Data Collection

Sahil every year collects the data on cases of child sexual abuse (CSA), primarily from newspapers reports and cases reported directly to Sahil. This year Sahil monitored 81 national and regional newspapers. These are Urdu, English, and 7 Sindhi newspapers from the provinces, Sahil head office and regional offices.

Sahil Offices	English Newspapers	Urdu Newspapers	Local language Newspapers	Total
Islamabad	4	23	-	27
Lahore	2	22	-	24
Abbottabad	-	12	-	12
Jaffarabad	-	12	-	7
Sukkur	1	03	7 Sindhi	11
Total	7	73	7	81

Cases once recorded and submitted by the regional offices are cross-checked to avoid duplication, as the same child sexual abuse case might be reported in different newspapers. Cases received from other sources are also scrutinized strictly to avoid repetition.

All recorded cases are of victims of child sexual abuse, abduction, and child marriages of children below 18 years of age. This age limit is chosen in accordance with the age defined for a child by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC).

A comprehensive format is used for the data collection which records gender, age of the victim, abuser's categories, place of abuse, period of abuse, and identification of the geographical areas with urban-rural divide and status of the case registered with the police.

All the information is recorded directly from newspaper clippings.

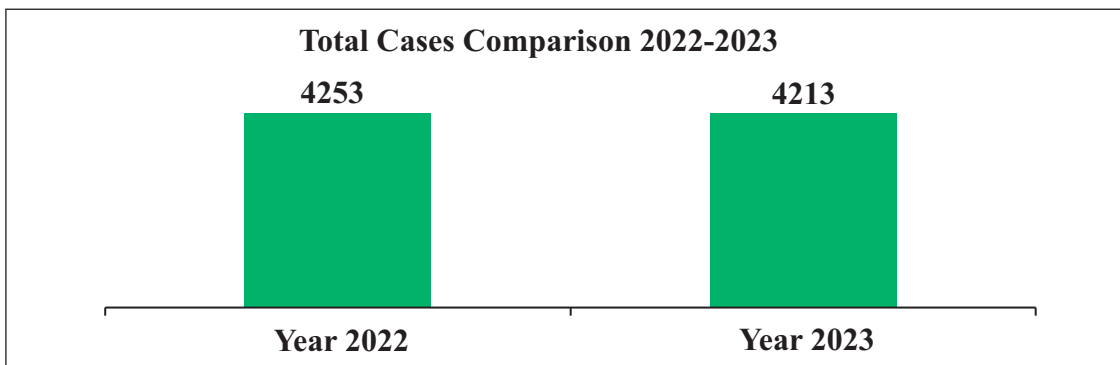
The police stations are contacted to enable sahil legal officers to send free legal aid offer letters to the victims.

Findings of Cruel Numbers 2023

Comparison of Total Cases

The data of child abuse shows that a total number of 4213 cases have been reported during the year 2023. This data includes cases of Child Sexual Abuse (CSA), Abduction, Missing Children, and Child Marriages.

For this year a decrease of 40 cases is seen as compared to last year 2022.

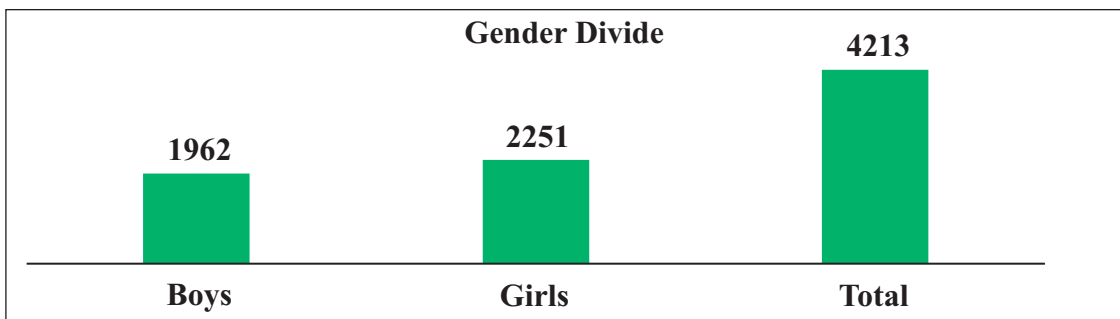


The data shows that more than 11 children have been abused per day during the year 2023.

These cases were reported from 81 national, regional and local newspapers from all across the country including Azad Jamu Kashmir (AJK) and Gilgit Baltistan (GB).

Gender Divide

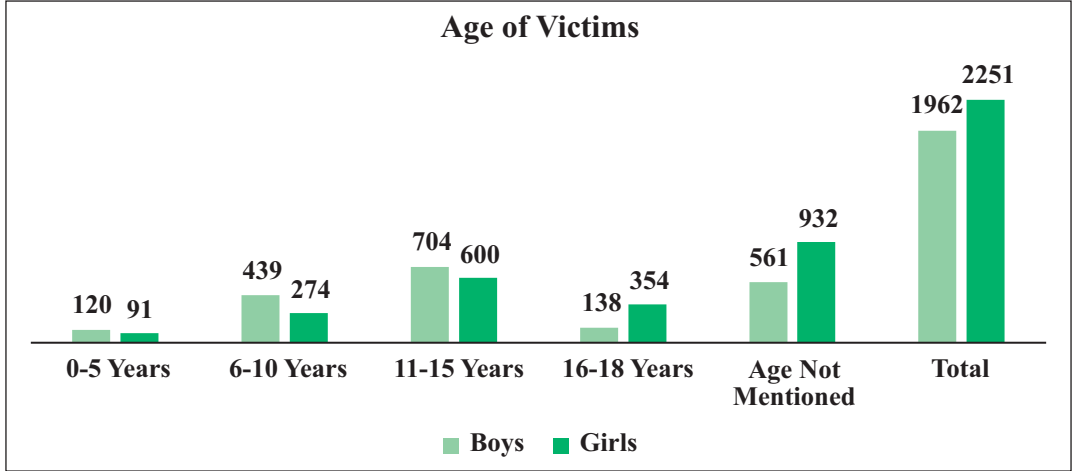
The gender divide shows that both girls and boys are vulnerable to abuse.



Out of the total 4213 child abuse, cases (47%) were boys and (53%) were girls. In the category of gender, the same trend of girls and boys is seen as was recorded in the previous years despite a decreased number of total cases.

Age of Victims

The data shows that children of all ages can be victims of sexual abuse. Sexual abuse generally occurs due to lack of awareness among children and parents.



The analysis shows that this year, similar to last year, the age bracket from 6 to 15 years were more vulnerable. Out of the total cases 48% were reported in these age brackets.

The graph shows that the highest number of victims are in the age bracket of 11-15 years.

It is alarming that children from the age bracket 0-5 years are also abused.

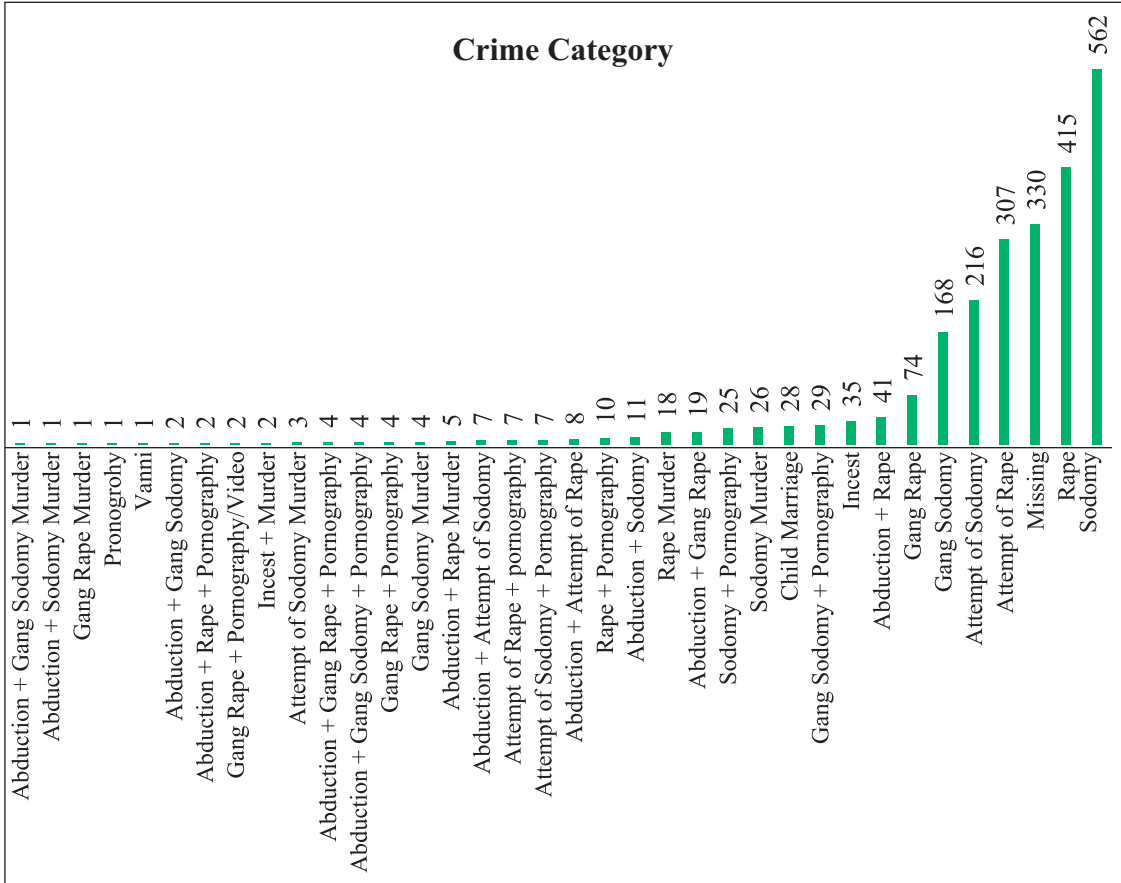
پتھلی میں اوباش کی 5 سالہ بچے سے مبینہ زیادتی

Jan 16, 2024

پتھلی (نامہ نگار) پرانی منڈی کے قریب درندہ سخت شخص نے پانچ سالہ بچے کو مبینہ طور پر زیادتی کا نشانہ بنا ڈالا۔ تھانہ سٹی پتھلی پولیس کے مطابق کاشف چوک کے رہائشی پانچ سالہ (ہ) کے ساتھ اوباش ملزم کی جانب سے مبینہ طور پر بد فعلی کا واقعہ پیش آیا ہے۔ درندہ سخت ملزم بچے کی حالت خراب ہونے پر اسے جھوڑ کر موقع سے فرار ہو گیا جبکہ کم سن بچے کو طبی معائنے کیلئے ٹی ایچ کیو ہسپتال منتقل کر دیا گیا ہے۔ ورثاء کی جانب سے درخواست ملتے ہی ملزم کی خلاف مقدمہ درج کر کے مزید کارروائی عمل میں لائی جائے گی۔

Crime Category

The graph shows child abuse cases categorized in detail into different sub-categories



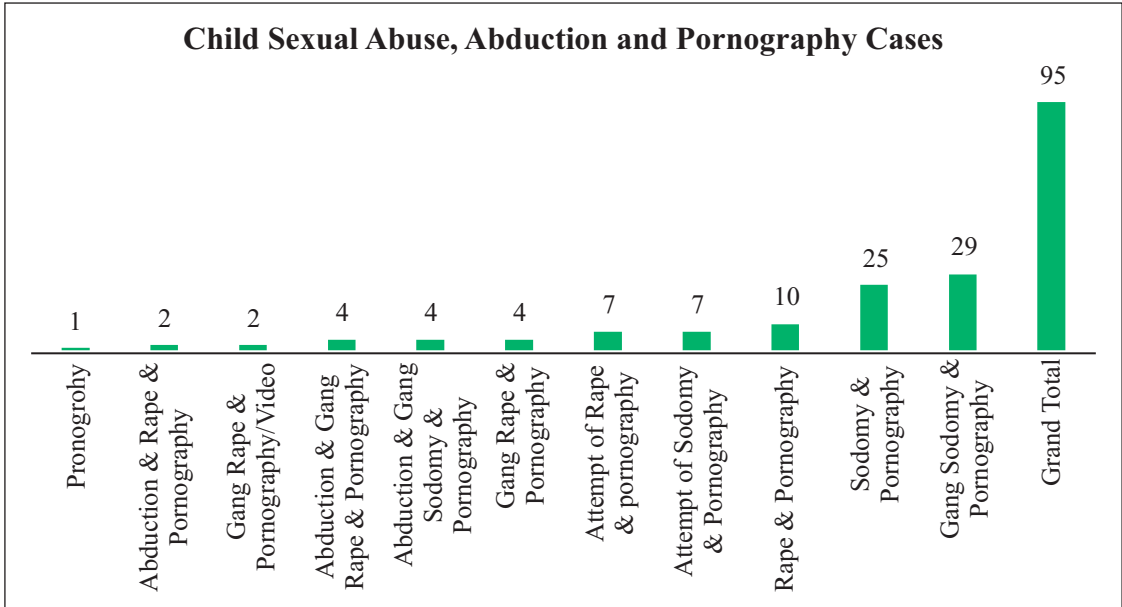
In the year 2023, the analysis of the data indicates that out of a total of 4213 child abuse cases, 2021 were of sexual abuse, 1833 were abduction, 330 missing children, and 29 cases were reported of child marriages.

نصیر آباد کے علاقے میں
 ذہنی معذور لڑکی سے زیادتی
 کر نیوالا ملزم پولیس نے دھریا
 راولپنڈی (خبرنگار) نصیر آباد پولیس نے ذہنی معذور لڑکی سے زیادتی کرنے والے ملزم کو گرفتار کر لیا، لڑکی کی
 والدہ نے درخواست دی کہ ملزم معاویہ نے اس کی ذہنی معذور بیٹی کے ساتھ زیادتی کی، نصیر آباد پولیس نے متاثرہ
 لڑکی کی والدہ کی درخواست پر مقدمہ درج کر کے ملزم معاویہ کو گرفتار کر لیا، متاثرہ لڑکی کا میڈیکل کرایا گیا ہے۔

Abduction, Child Sexual Abuse and Pornography

Definition of Pornography (Section 292-B. in Pakistan Penal Code)

“Pornography can be understood as the explicit representation of sexual activities in videos, images, writing and visual films. Made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of obscene or sexually explicit conduct.....”



In the year 2023, out of the total reported cases, a total of 95 cases were reported of abduction, along with child sexual abuse and pornography. This year number of cases child pornography has decreased from 109 cases to 95 cases as compared to last year.

کزن کی ویڈیو بنا کر بلیک میل کر کے 6 ماہ تک زیادتی

ایسر پور میں شیطان صفت ملزم کی 9 سالہ لڑکی سے درندگی، حالت غیر

راولپنڈی میں باپ ہی جانور بن گیا، مقدمہ درج، گرفتار، تفتیش شروع
 لاہور، اداکارہ راولا کوٹ (کرشمہ پور، ماہرنگ ڈبلیو) اداکارہ اور راولا کوٹ میں زیادتی کے دو واقعات کا ہند پوئیس نے درندہ صفت گرفتار کر لیا۔ کاہنہ کے علاقے ملحقہ کالونی میں ملزم حسین کو گرفتار کر کے چیئر سٹیل کے حوالے کر دیا گیا، پوئیس کا کہنا ہے کہ ملزم نے اپنی کزن باہر کی ویڈیو بنا کر اسے 6 ماہ تک بلیک میل کر کے زیادتی کا نشانہ بنا یا جس وہ حاملہ ہوئی۔ دوسری طرف اداکارہ کے قہر پوئیس پور کے گلیاٹی چوک میں شیطان صفت ملزم فیاض عرف کالادہ نے 9 سالہ لڑکی کو گھر میں اگلیا پار زیادتی کا نشانہ بنا ڈالا لڑکی کی حالت غیر ہونے پر موقع سے فرار ہو گیا۔ پوئیس نے مقدمہ درج کر کے ملزم کی تلاش شروع کر دی۔ ادھر راولا کوٹ کے پوئیس کونسل سکول کی رہائشی خاتون روینہ نے مقدمہ درج کرایا ہے کہ اس کی شادی 2008ء میں گلشن ازی سے ہوئی، کچھ عرصے کے بعد ہماری طلاق ہوئی، میری بیٹی اپنے والد گلشن ازی کے ساتھ رہتی تھی اور کلاس 6th میں پڑھ رہی ہے۔ میری بیٹی نے مجھے بتایا کہ وہ گلشن ازی کے ساتھ کئی بار زیادتی کر چکا ہے۔ میں نے اپنی بیٹی کو اپنے طور پر لکھائی گھر ہسپتال میں چیک اپ کرایا تاہم ضروری ٹیسٹ بھی کرائے تو یہ چلا کہ بیٹی حاملہ ہے۔ پوئیس نے لڑکی کے باپ اور ایک مٹھے دار گرفتار کر کے تفتیش شروع کر دی ہے۔

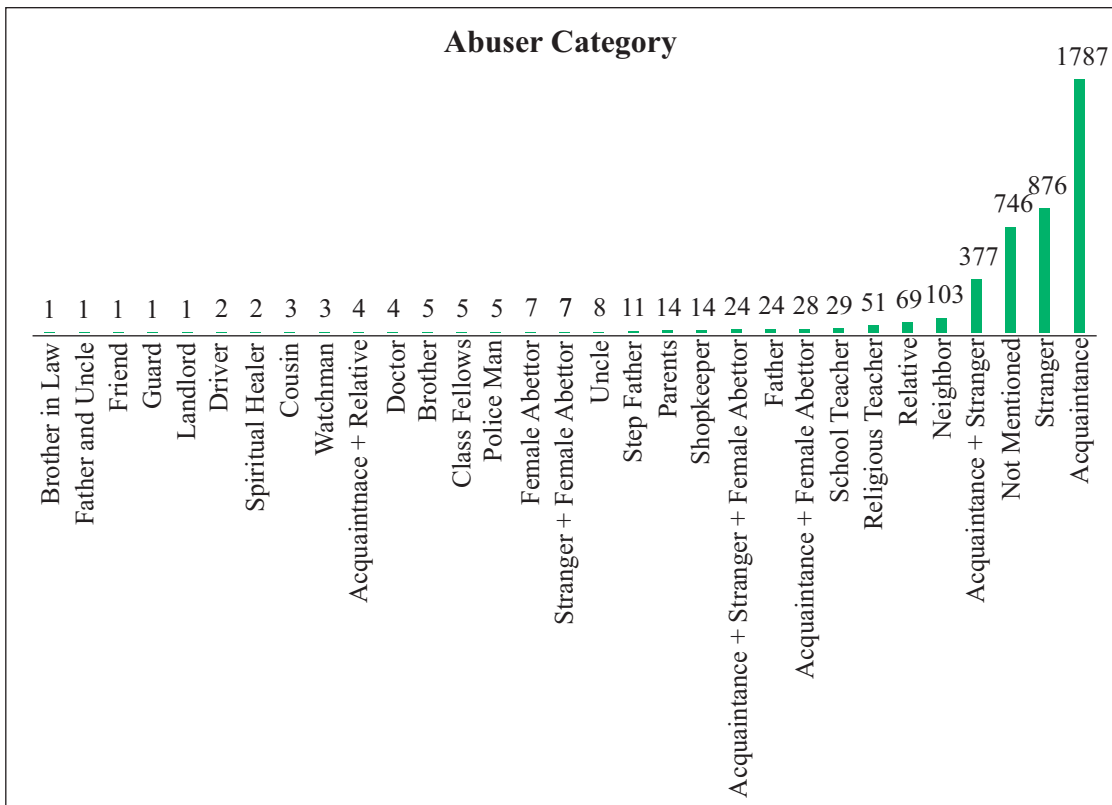
Abuser Identification

Definitions of Abuser Categories

Abuser: “An abuser can be anyone from a close blood relative to a stranger”.

The graph details the list of abusers who are involved in abusing children in the year 2023.

As in previous years the abuser category of acquaintances continues to be the most reported abuser, with a total of 1787.



Other abusers are 876 strangers, 103 neighbors, 69 relatives, 51 religious teachers and 29 school teachers were involved in child sexual abuse cases.

These abusers are identified in the reports.

Places of Abuse

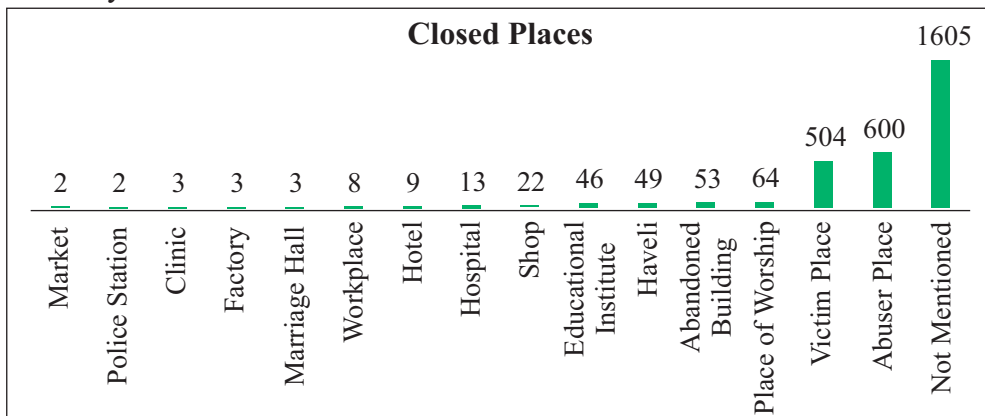
“Places of abuse are defined as the vicinity where children were exploited.”

The analysis of the data shows that out of the total 4213 reported cases, 71% of incidents occurred in closed places and 29 % cases were occurred in open places.

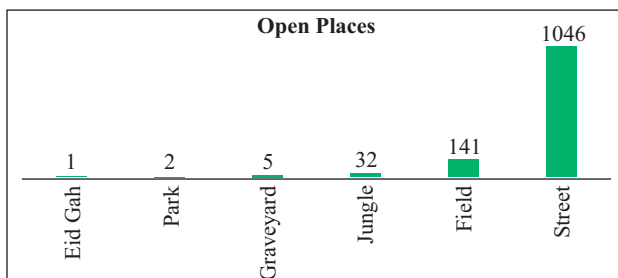
Closed Places: “Closed places are those that are a room or in an enclosure.”

The below graph reveals that, 20% cases of abuse occurred at the abusers place, showing the power of perpetrators, 17% cases at the victims place, 2% cases at the place of worship mosques and madrassahs.

The data shows that children are not safe at any place which are considered secure by our society such as homes and educational institutes.



Open Places: “Open places are those places which are not surrounded by walls.”



The above graph shows that out of total reported cases at open places, 85% cases took place in streets, 11% cases in the fields, 3% cases occurred in jungle.

Period of Abuse

“Period of abuse shows the duration of the crime committed against the victim.”

Statistics of the cruel numbers shows that in 84% cases, the victims were abused once.

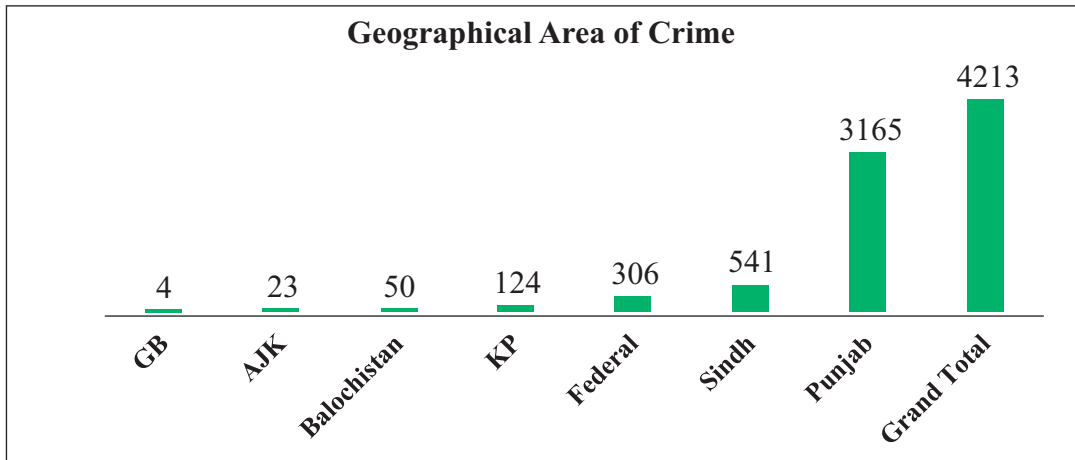
In 12% cases the period of abuse was not mentioned.

The recording of the period of abuse is important because it shows that the abuser may go without detection due to his power over the victims.

Period of Abuse		
Time Period	Boy	Girl
6 Month or More	2	11
More than Once	2	3
6 Months or Less	3	10
1 Week or More	8	1
1 Month or Less	10	8
1 Month or More	17	3
1 Day	27	21
1 Week or Less	42	10
Not Mentioned	252	262
Once	1599	1922
Grand Total	1962	2251

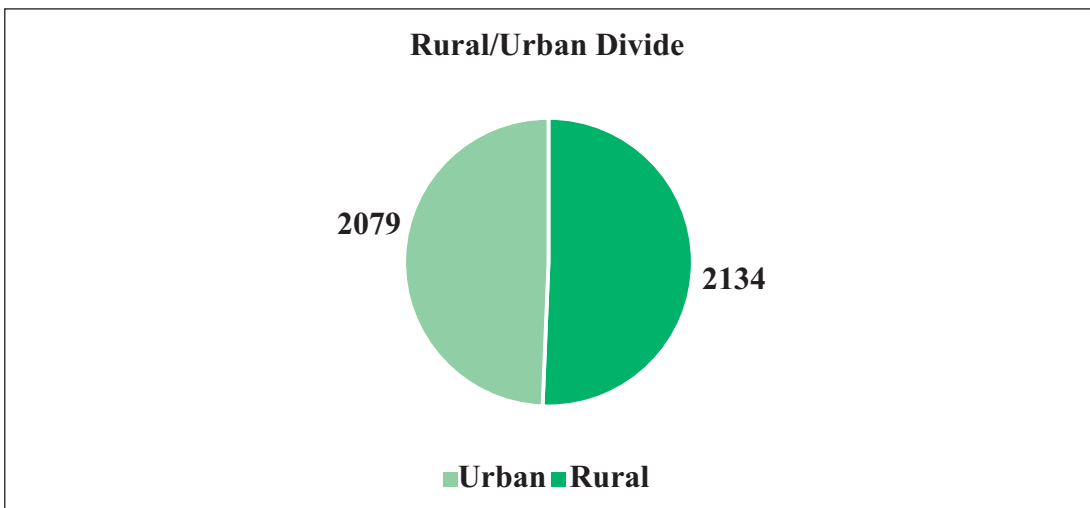
Geographical Area of Crime

Out of the 4213 cases, 75% were reported from Punjab, 13% cases from Sindh, 7% cases from Islamabad capital territory, 3% cases from Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), and 2% cases from Baluchistan, Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK), and Gilgit Baltistan (GB).



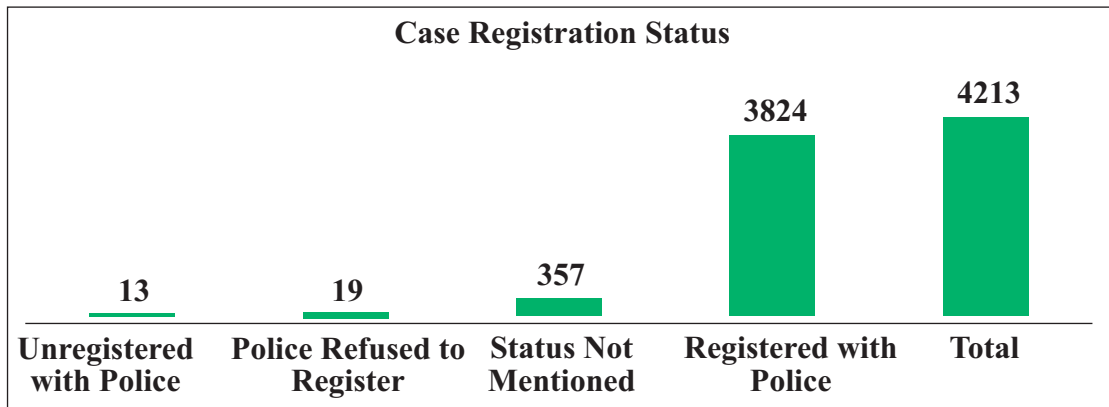
Rural-Urban Divide

The graph shows that out of the total 4213 reported cases, 2134 (51%) cases are reported from rural areas and 2079 (49%) cases were reported from urban areas.



Case Registration Status

The purpose of recording the case registration status is to see if victims are able to access the police station to submit applications and receive a positive response through the registration of the FIR (First Information Report).



The above graph shows that, out of the total 4213 reported cases 91% of cases were registered with the police that is positive sign of an active police.

Police refusal is usually due to their experience of children showing up after a few days having gone to friend or relatives house without informing the family.

Districts-wise Distribution of Data

This table indicates, that in this year of 2023, a total of 93 districts were identified from all provinces including ICT, AJK, and GB.

District Wise Distribution of Data	
Geographical Area	No of Districts
Punjab	35
Sindh	24
KP	17
Baluchistan	9
AJK	5
Gilgit Baltistan	3
Federal	1
Total	93

Ten Most Vulnerable Districts

This table illustrates the top ten most vulnerable districts for child abuse cases.

In the year 2023, out of the total number of 4213 reported cases more than half 69% of cases were reported from these 10 districts out of these 10 districts, 8 districts from Punjab, 1 from Sindh, and Islamabad Capital Territory.

Unlike the previous year, Faisalabad is on the top with 888 cases.

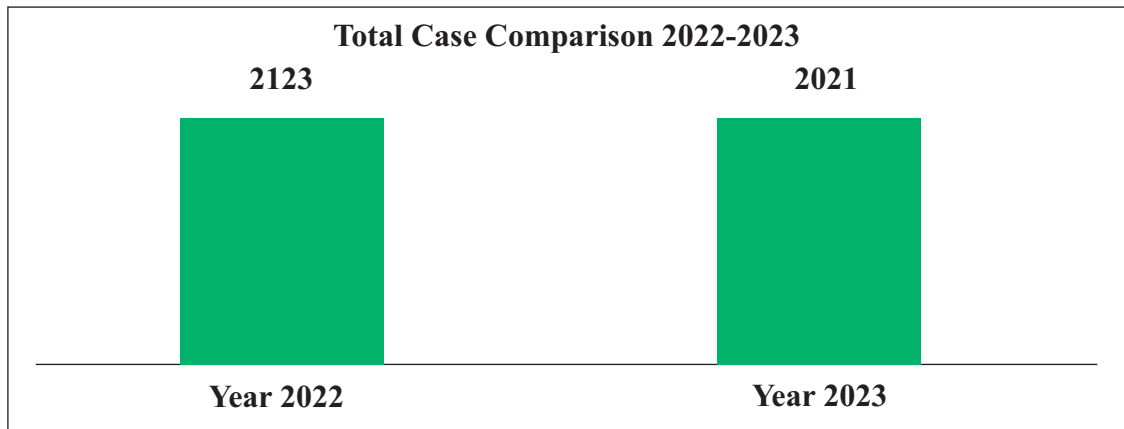
Ten Most Vulnerable Districts	
District	No of Cases
Faisalabad	888
Rawalpindi	496
Kasur	382
Islamabad	306
Sialkot	266
Gujranwala	169
Lahore	151
Sargodha	104
Rahim Yar Khan	84
Khairpur	82
Grand Total	2928

Analysis of Child Sexual Abuse Cases Only

This section provides a detailed analysis of all child sexual abuse cases only, excluding cases of abduction, missing children, and cases of early marriages.

Data of Only CSA

This year out of the total number of 4213 reported cases, a total of 2021 (48%) cases of only CSA were reported.

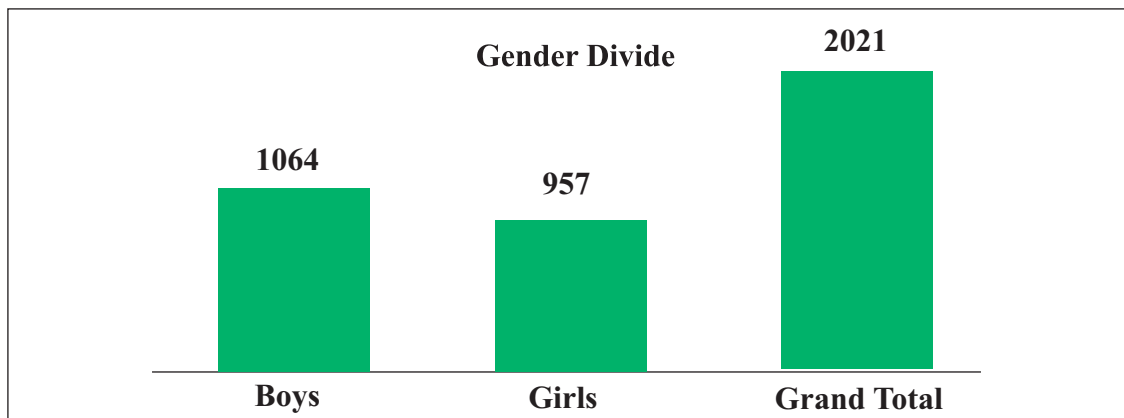


The statistics of the report show that in the year 2023, 102 cases of only CSA were less than last year's data.

Gender Divide

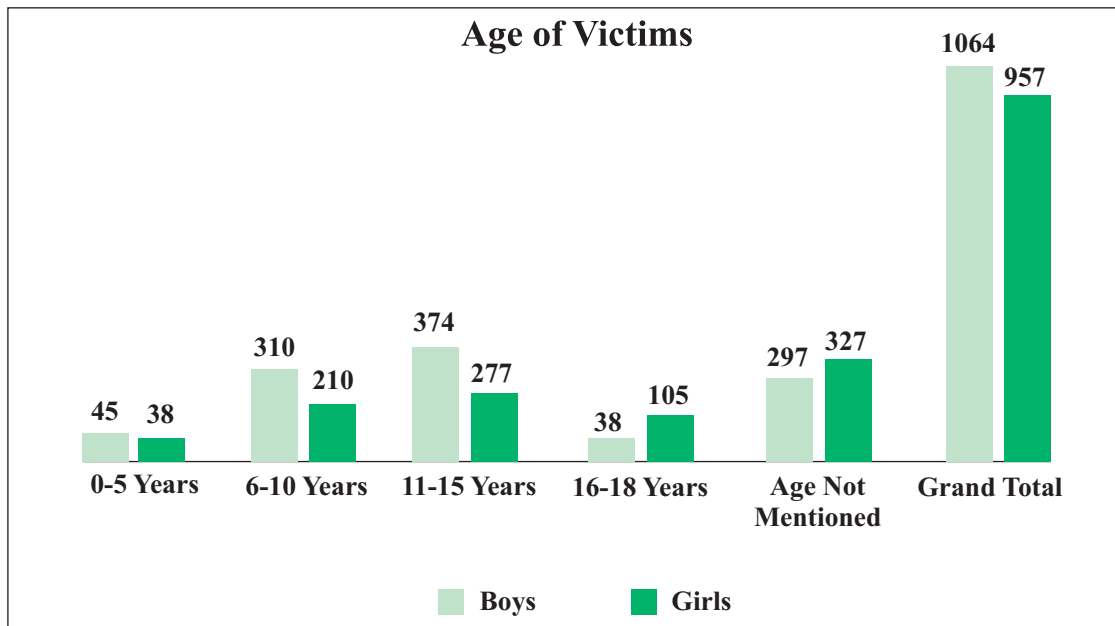
Every year, millions of girls and boys around the world face sexual abuse and exploitation.

The general perception is that girls are more vulnerable to child sexual abuse. However, Sahil Cruel Numbers shows that more boys than girls were victimized.



Age of Victims of Only CSA Cases

The graph of the age of victims shows that children in all age groups are the victims of CSA.



The analysis in the age brackets shows that the age group of 6-15 years as the most vulnerable to sexual abuse. Like the previous years in the age bracket 6-15 more boys than girls were subject to sexual abuse.

Analysis of Age Group 0-5 Years

Age Group 0-5 Years

The data shows that children from the age bracket 0-5 Years are victims of sexual abuse.

The common perception is that newborn and infants are safe because everybody loves and takes care of them, but unfortunately this is not true.

Age of Victims 0-5 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Age of Victims	Boys	Girls
1 Years	0	0
2 Years	1	1
3 Years	5	4
4 Years	13	11
5 Years	26	22
Grand Total	45	38

Crime Categories of Age Group 0-5 Years

The table shows that more boys are sexually abused from the age bracket (0-5) than girls. In this age bracket, 1 boy was murdered after sexual abuse.

Victims 0-5 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Crime Category	Boys	Girls
Abduction & Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	1	0
Abduction & Rape/ Sodomy Murder	0	1
Attempt of Rape & pornography	0	1
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	7	18
Gang Sodomy/ Rape	2	1
Sodomy/ Rape	35	17
Grand Total	45	38

Abuser Category of Age Group 0-5 Years

Age group 0-5 years abusers are mostly known to victims and their family members. It is an alarming situation that neighbors school teachers, and service providers are also abusing such young children.

Abuser Category 0-5 Years of Only CSA Cases	
Abuser Category	No of Cases
Acquaintance	56
Neighbor	12
Stranger	7
School Teacher	3
Guard	1
Not Mentioned	1
Religious Teacher	1
Shopkeeper	1
Watchman	1
Grand Total	83

Analysis of Age Group 6-10 Years

Age group 6-10 Years

Out of the total 2021 cases, 520 cases of child sexual abuse occurred in this age group. The table shows that 10 years boys were most victimized.

Age of Victims 6_10 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Age of Victims	Boys	Girls
6 Years	30	32
7 Years	65	53
8 Years	63	52
9 Years	54	36
10 Years	98	37
	310	210

Crime Categories of Age Group 6-10 Years

In the age bracket of 6-10 years, the cases of sodomy were the highest number.

Victims 6-10 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Crime Category	Boy	Girl
Abduction + Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	1	2
Abduction + Sodomy/ Rape	3	1
Abduction + Sodomy/ Rape Murder	0	2
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	77	101
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape + pornography	0	2
Gang Sodomy/ Rape	31	5
Gang Sodomy/ Rape Murder	2	1
Incest	0	3
Sodomy/ Rape	180	83
Sodomy/ Rape Murder	12	10
Sodomy/ Rape + Pornography	4	0
Grand Total	310	210

Out of the total of 520 cases, 57% were boys and 43 % cases of girls were reported.

The data also shows that, 25 victims were murdered after sexual abuse.

Victims of Murder 6-10 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Crime Category	Boys	Girls
Gang Rape/Sodomy & Murder	2	1
Abduction & Rape/Sodomy Murder	0	2
Rape/Sodomy & Murder	12	10
Total	12	13

جینڈ، معصوم بچے سے زیادتی کرنے والادرنده گرفتار

ملزم بلال نے زبردستی ساڑھے چار سالہ محمد عمر کو جنسی زیادتی کا نشانہ بنایا

جینڈ (نمائندہ اوصاف) کوٹ مگنی گاؤں میں ساڑھے نو سالہ نوجوان کی ساڑھے چار سالہ بیٹے سے بدتمیزی کا شکار ہو گیا۔ ۱۵ پرکال پولیس نے ملزم کو گرفتار کر لیا۔ شہ سب کے والد کی مدد میں مقدمہ درج۔ مدعی مقدمہ کا شہ سب کے والد ناصر قادی کے مطابق میرا چار سالہ بیٹا محمد عمر گئی میں کھیلنے کے لئے گیا، جس کو گاؤں کا نوجوان محمد بلال اس کو زبردستی پکڑ کر گھر لے گیا اور اس کے ساتھ بدتمیزی کی تلاش کے دوران میری بیٹی اور میرے ساتھ محمد بلال نے اس کو ملزم محمد بلال کے گھر سے برآمد کر لیا۔ ۱۵ پرکال کی جس پر پولیس موقع پر پہنچی مئی ملزم اور شہ سب کو لے کر تھانہ جینڈ آگئی اور شہ سب کو کوئی ایچ کیو ہسپتال جینڈ روانہ کر دیا گیا جہاں سے مزید میڈیکل چیک اپ کے لئے شہ کو ایک ریفر کر دیا گیا مزید تحقیقات جاری ہے۔

Abuser Category of Age Group 6-10 Years

Sadly, it can be seen that anyone can be an abuser, especially if they have power over children.

Abuser Category 6-10 Years of Only CSA Cases	
Abuser Category	No of Cases
Acquaintance	372
Stranger	38
Neighbor	34
Not Mentioned	18
Religious Teacher	12
Relative	11
Acquaintance + Stranger	9
Shopkeeper	8
School Teacher	6
Acquaintance + Relative	3
Doctor	2
Step Father	2
Uncle	2
Cousin	1
Father and Uncle	1
Watchman	1
Grand Total	520

لڑکے سے زیادتی کی کوشش، نازیبا حرکات کرنیوالا مدرسہ کا معلم گرفتار، مقدمہ درج
 راولپنڈی (خبرنگار) پولیس نے 16 سالہ لڑکے سے زیادتی کی کوشش اور نازیبا حرکات کرنے والے
 مدرسہ کے معلم کو گرفتار کر لیا۔ تھانہ نصیر آباد پولیس کو متاثرہ لڑکے کے والد نے درخواست دی کہ مدرسہ کے قاری عمر
 نے اس کے بیٹے کے ساتھ نازیبا حرکات اور زیادتی کی کوشش کی، اس نے بیٹے پر لاتوں، مکوں اور پلاسٹک کے
 پائپ سے تشدد بھی کیا۔
 معلم گرفتار

Analysis of Age Group 11-15 Years

Crime Category of Age Group 11-15 Years

Victims 11-15 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Crime Category	Boy	Girl
Abduction & Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	2	3
Abduction & Gang Sodomy/ Rape	1	6
Abduction & Sodomy/ Rape Murder	1	1
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape	57	72
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape + pornography	1	0
Gang Sodomy/ Rape	72	29
Gang Sodomy/ Rape Murder	2	0
Incest	0	16
Sodomy/ Rape	196	122
Sodomy/ Rape Murder	10	5
Sodomy/ Rape & Pornography	10	3
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape Murder	3	0
Incest Murder	0	2
Gang Sodomy/ Rape Pornography	11	3
Abduction & Sodomy/ Rape	4	14
Abduction & Gang Sodomy/ Rape & Pornography	3	1
Grand Total	373	277

This crime category indicates that in the (11-15) age group, 57% of victims were boys, and 43% were girls. In this age group, a total of 24 cases of children were reported murdered after CSA, mostly boys.

Victims of Murder 11-15 Years of Only CSA Cases		
Crime Category	Boys	Girls
Abduction + Sodomy/ Rape Murder	1	1
Gang Sodomy/ Rape Murder	2	0
Sodomy/ Rape Murder	10	5
Attempt of Sodomy/ Rape Murder	3	0
Incest Murder	0	2
Total	16	8

Abuser Category of Age Group 11-15 Years

The table reveals that like the previous years, in this age group most of the cases acquaintances were involved in victimizing the children.

Abuser Category 11-15 Years of Only CSA Cases	
Abuser Category	No of Cases
Acquaintance	431
Acquaintance & Stranger	38
Stranger	37
Not Mentioned	27
Relative	26
Religious Teacher	26
Neighbor	22
Father	10
School Teacher	7
Acquaintance & Female Abettor	6
Step Father	5
Brother	3
Uncle	3
Class Fellows	2
Driver	2
Acquaintance & Stranger & Female Abettor	1
Cousin	1
Doctor	1
Friend	1
Police Man	1
Shopkeeper	1
Grand Total	651

Unfortunately abusers such as neighbor, relative, religious teacher, school teacher were involved in abusing the children.

This is an alarming situation that girls and boys are being abused by persons who should be the most trusted.

Abuser Category of Age Group 16-18 Years

Like previous age groups, in this age bracket, acquaintances who are in 95 cases out of 143 reported cases continue to be the major group of abusers.

Abuser Category 16-18 Years of Only CSA Cases	
Abuser Category	No of Cases
Acquaintance	95
Acquaintance & Stranger	14
Not Mentioned	6
Stranger	6
Neighbor	5
Relative	4
Religious Teacher	3
School Teacher	2
Acquaintance & Female Abettor	1
Acquaintance & Relative	1
Brother-in-Law	1
Cousin	1
Doctor	1
Landlord	1
Police Man	1
Shopkeeper	1
Grand Total	143

Age Group Not Mentioned in Only CSA Cases

This year, out of the total number of 2021 reported cases, 624 cases the age of victims was not mentioned. Out of these cases 48% of victims were boys and 52% of victims were girls. The data reveals that both genders equally vulnerable to child sexual abuse.

Age Group Not Mentioned	
Gender Divide	No of Cases
Boy	297
Girl	327
Grand Total	624

The result of this missing information regarding ages hides the vulnerability of the exact age groups.

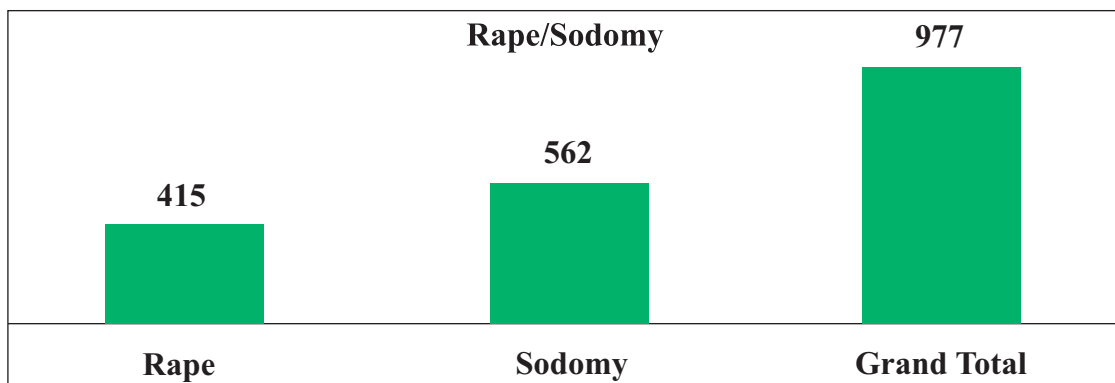
Crime Categories of Only Child Sexual Abuse

Rape/Sodomy

Definition of Rape: *“Rape is a type of sexual assault that may involve sexual intercourse, which is initiated against a female without her consent.”*

Definition of Sodomy: *“Sodomy is forced sexual intercourse between two male persons.”*

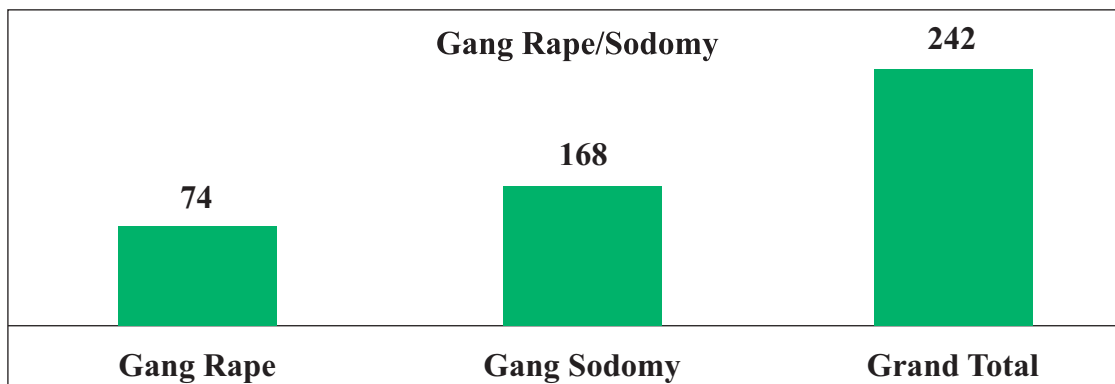
Data shows Sex Abuse of the total of 2021 cases. Seperate categories can be seen in the following graphs, 28% cases of sodomy and 20% cases of rape were reported. Whereas in sodomy 25 cases increased as compared to last year data.



Gang Rape/Sodomy

Definition of Gang Rape/Sodomy: *“Gang Rape/Sodomy occurs when a group of people abuses a victim.”*

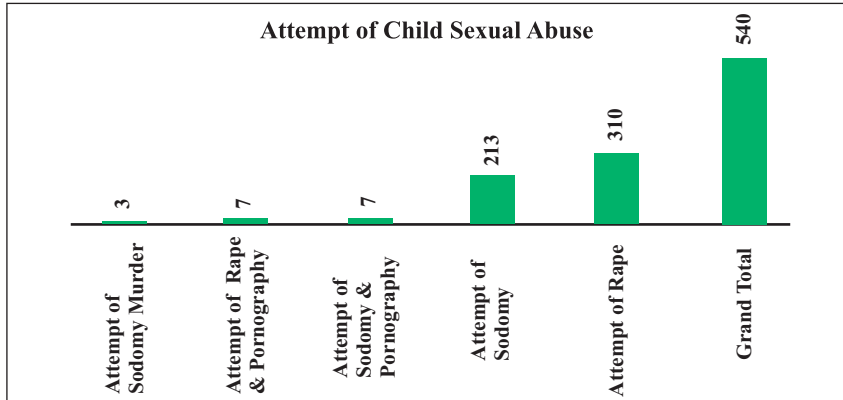
The graph shows that the cases of boys are continuously more victim of sexual abused than girls like previous years.



Sahil’s raise awareness among communities and parent on child protection because girls and boys equally need to know how to protect themselves.

Attempt of Rape/Sodomy

Definition of Attempt of Rape/Sodomy: *“Attempt of rape/sodomy is when there is an assault with intent to rape but no sexual penetration takes place”*

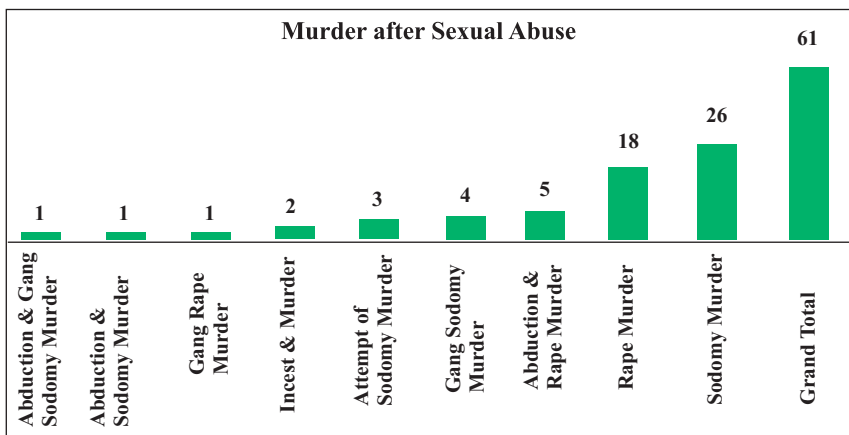


Out of these cases, 317 (40%) cases were girls and 223 (60%) were boys.

Murder after Sexual Abuse

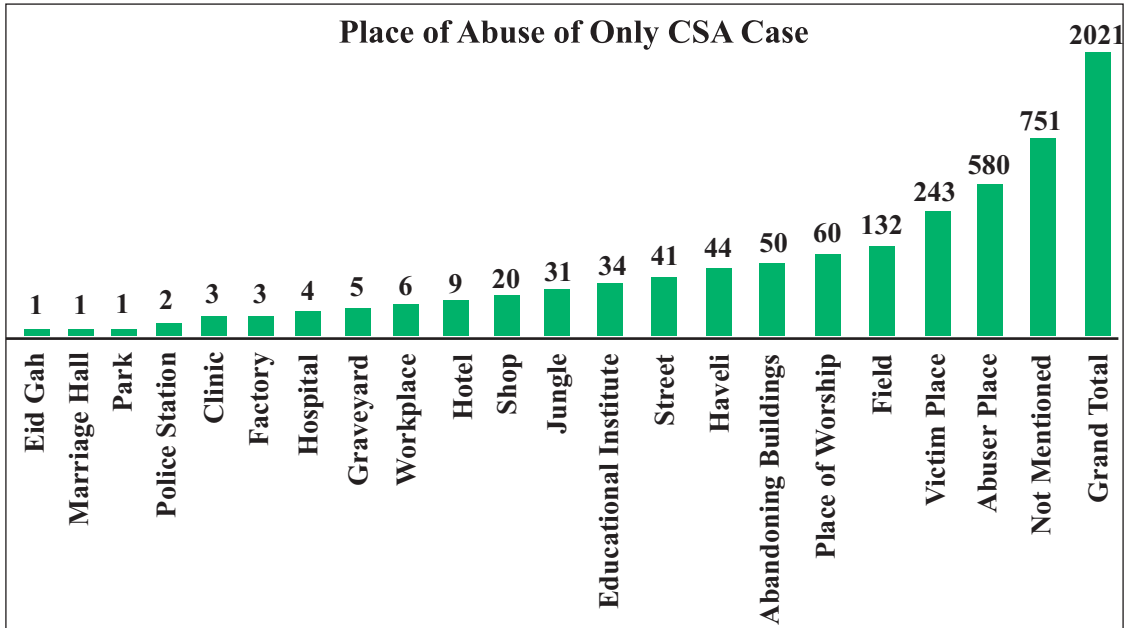
Definition of Murder after Sexual Abuse: *“An act when the victim is murdered after an attempt of or sexual abuse.”*

This graph reveals that out of the total number of cases 61 victims were murdered after sexual abuse. Out of these 35 (57%) cases were of boys and 26 (43%) cases were of girls.



In many cases, the abuser kills the victim to hide his identity or feels threatened of being exposed, and in a few cases, the abuser may kill the victim in anger.

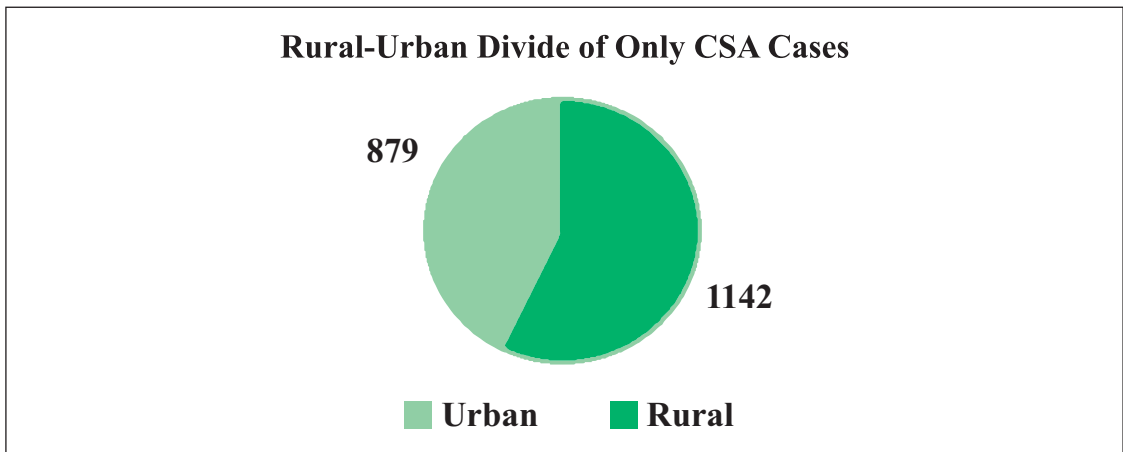
Place of Abuse of Only CSA Cases



In the year 2023, out of total cases 2021, 27% took place at the abuser’s place, 12% case at the victim place, 6% occurred in the fields. While in 751 cases the place of abuse was not mentioned.

Rural-Urban Divide of Only CSA Cases

This year out of the total 2021 cases, 1142 cases were reported from rural areas and 879 cases were reported from urban areas were reported.



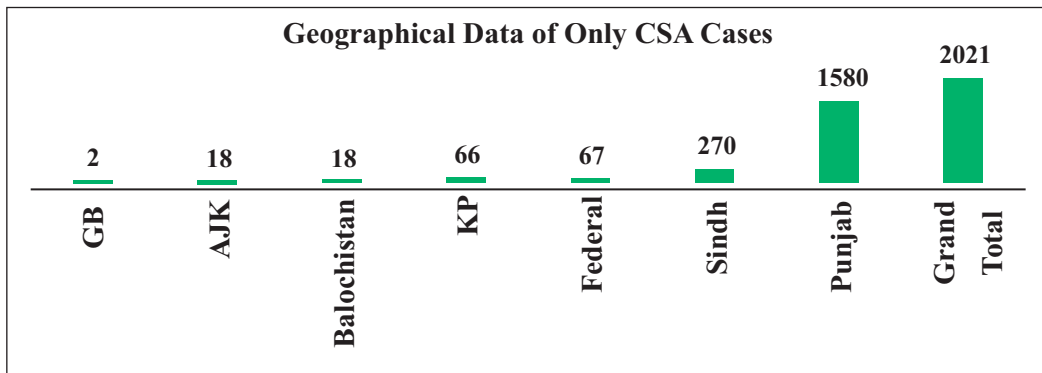
Case Registration Status of Only CSA Cases

The graph shows that out of the total reported cases 1906 cases were registered with the police, 103 cases status was not mentioned, 5 cases were unregistered and 7 cases were refused to register by police.



Police may refuse registration if the complaint is doubt ful

Geographical Data of Only CSA Cases



In the year 2023, out of the total of 2021 reported cases of only CSA, 78% of cases were reported from Punjab, 13% of Cases from Sindh, 3 % cases from KP, 3 % cases from ICT, and 18 cases from Balochistan, 18 cases from AJK, and only 2 cases were reported from GB.

Ten Most Vulnerable Districts of Only CSA Cases

The table shows that out of the total number of 2021 reported cases, 64% of cases were reported in these 10 districts. This year Faisalabad is on the top of the list with 491 cases of only CSA. In the top 10 districts excluding ICT, all the districts are from Punjab province. This can be attributed to its large population and media access that ensures the coverage of the case.

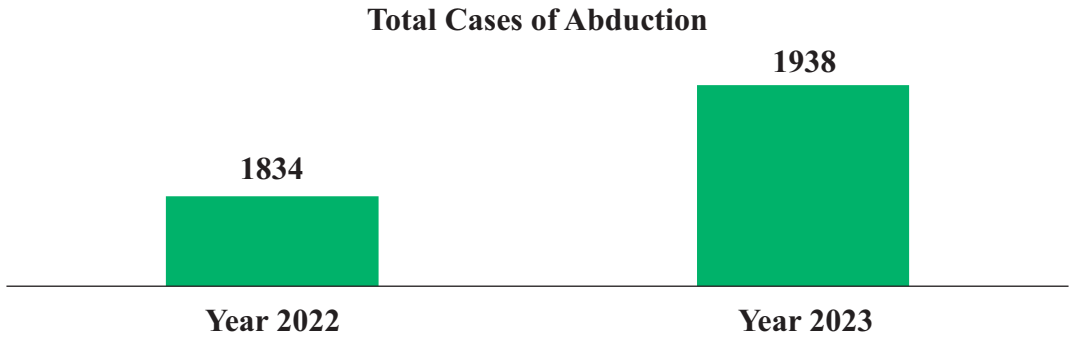
Ten Most Vulnerable Districts of Only CSA Cases	
Districts	No of Cases
Faisalabad	491
Kasur	179
Rawalpindi	133
Sialkot	99
Gujranwala	93
Lahore	91
Islamabad	67
Sargodha	53
Sheikhupura	51
Vehari	45
Grand Total	1302

Data Analysis of Abduction Cases

Definition of Abduction: “Abduction is defined as taking away a person by persuasion, fraud, force or violence. Child abduction is the offense of wrongly removing or wrongfully retaining, detaining, or concealing a child.”

Total Cases of Abduction

The report reveal that a total number of 1938 cases of abduction have been reported in different national, regional and local newspapers in the year 2023. This data includes abduction cases and all the crime categories after the abduction.

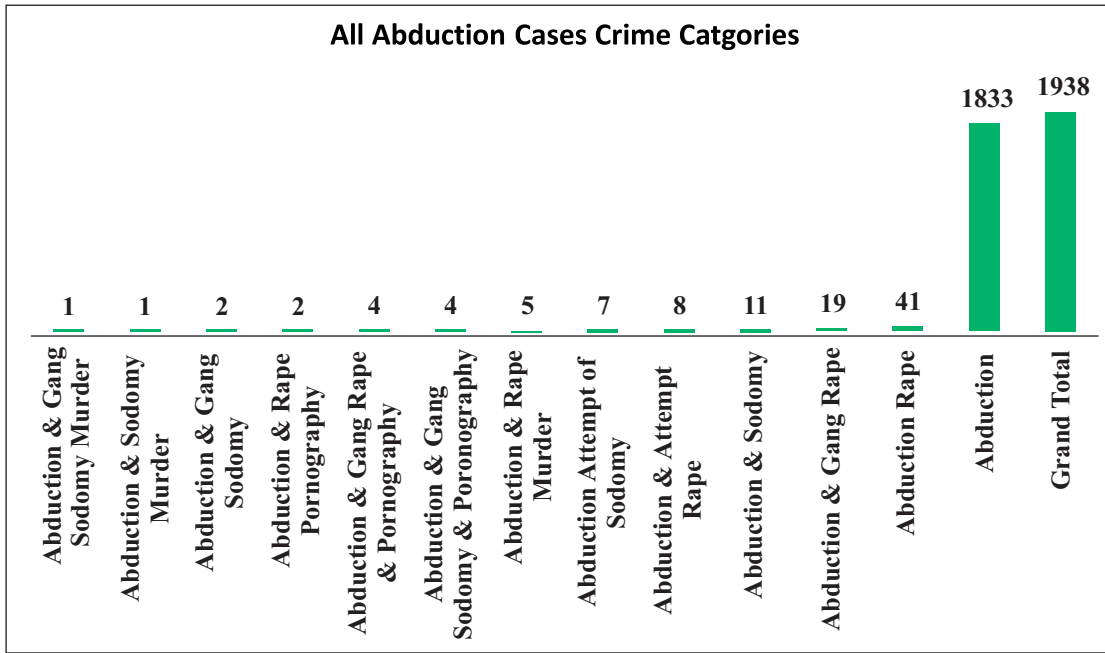


The graph shows that this year cases of abduction have increased by 104 cases as compared to the last years data 2022.

راولپنڈی، مختلف واقعات میں خاتون سمیت 2 افراد اغواء مقدمات
درج، مغبویان کی تلاش شروع

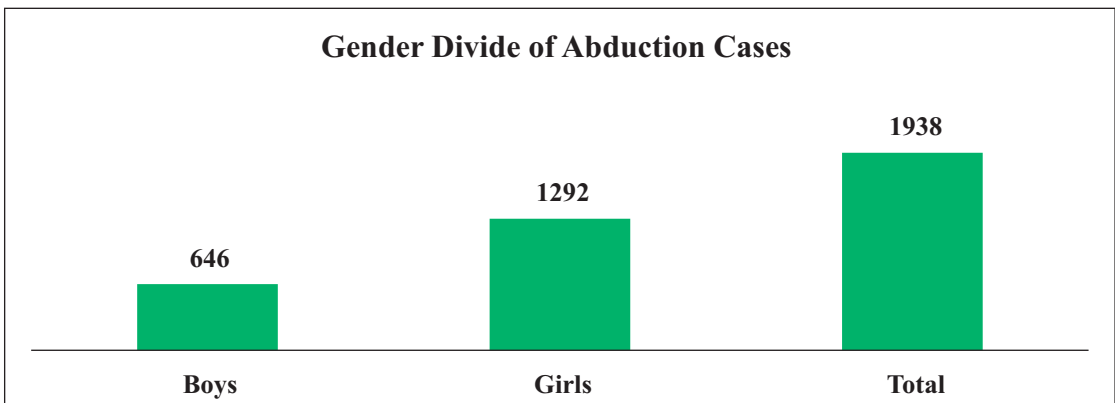
راولپنڈی (جنرل رپورٹر) مختلف واقعات میں خاتون سمیت 2 افراد کو اغواء کر لیا گیا۔ پولیس کے مطابق، تھانہ بنی کے علاقے سے راجیلہ بانو کی بیٹی مہوش کو ثنا ہرنے نے دانیال اور ایک نامعلوم کے ہمراہ، تھانہ صادق آباد کے علاقے سے نوید احمد کے بیٹے عبداللہی 14 سالہ نے اغواء کر لیا ہے۔ پولیس نے الگ الگ مقدمات درج کر کے مغبویان کی تلاش شروع کر دی ہے۔

The below graph describe all cases of abduction reported in the year 2023.



Gender Divide of Abduction Cases

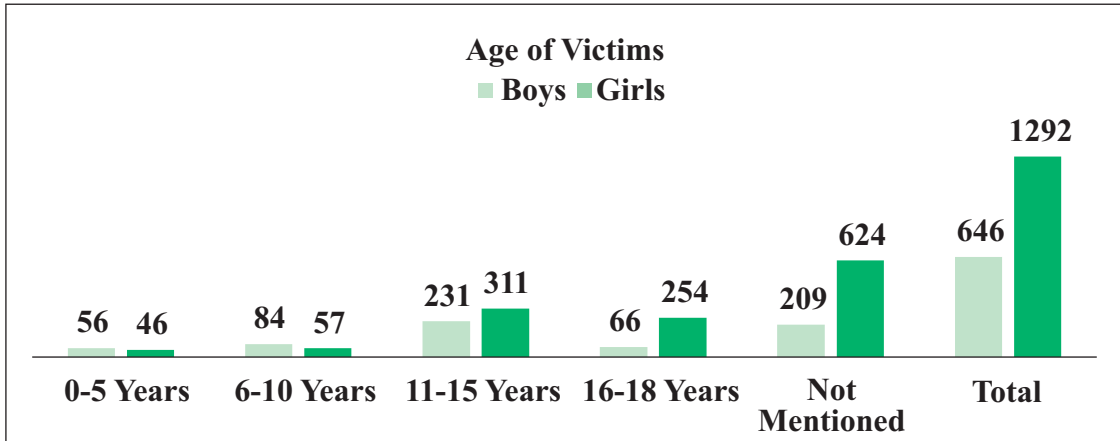
Out of the total number of 1938 reported cases of abduction, 1292 (67%) of cases were girls, and 646 (33%) were boys.



The graph shows that like previous years more girls are victims than boys. The girl victims have remained almost the same as compared to the last year data 2022. While the cases of boy victims have increased from 541 to 646 cases.

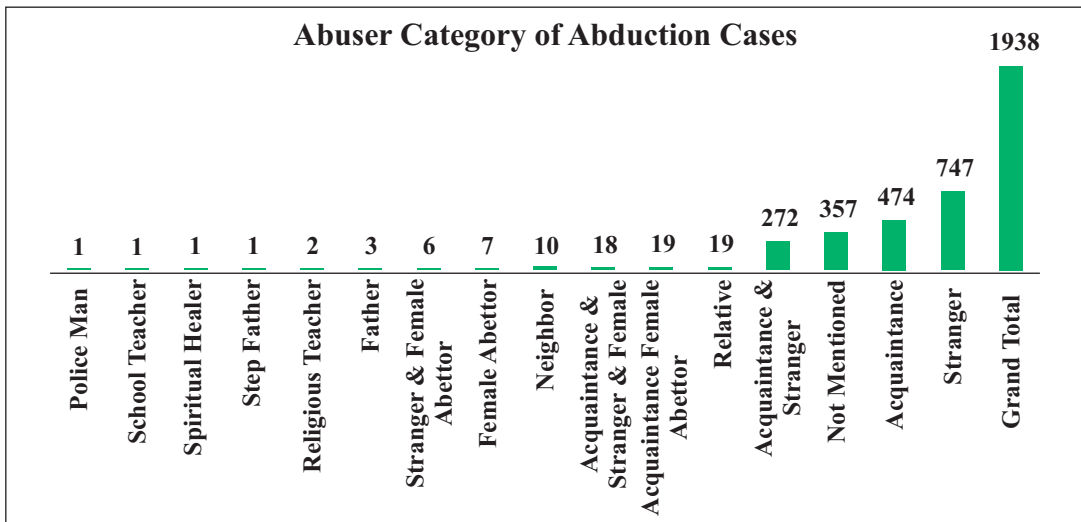
Age of Victims of Abduction Cases

The data shows that, similar to last year, most children were abducted in the age bracket 11-15 years.



The graph indicates this year in the age bracket 0-10 years more boys abducted, while in other age groups the ratio of girls is higher than boys.

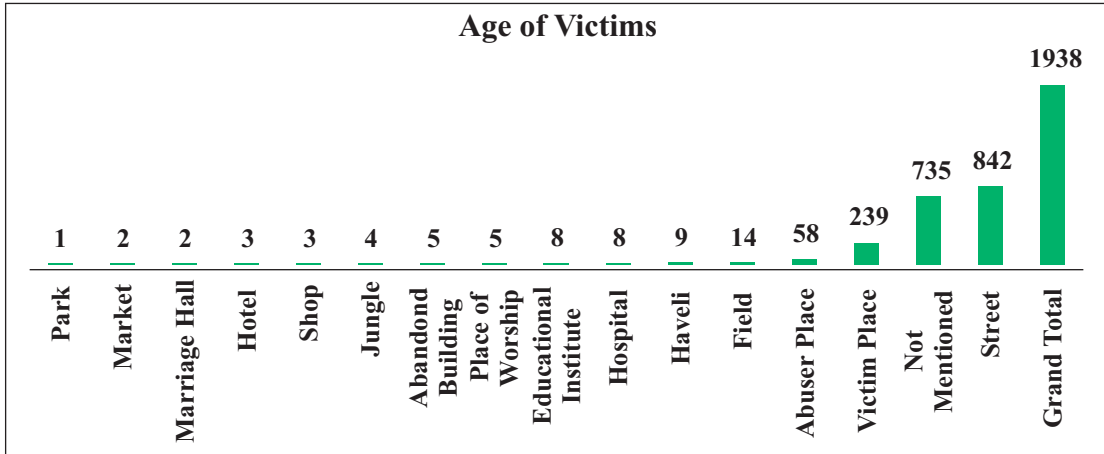
Out of the total reported cases 28% victims are the age group of 11-15 years, 16% cases from the age bracket 16-18 years and 13% cases were reported below the age of 10 years. The age of victims in 43% of reported cases the age of victim was not mentioned.



Out of the total reported abduction cases 38% abuser were strangers, 24% were acquaintance, 14% were acquaintance with stranger. While in 18% cases the identity of the abusers was not mentioned.

Places of Abduction Cases

In this year 2023 the data of abduction cases shows that 43% of the victims have been abducted from the streets, 12% victims from their home, 3% cases took place at the abusers place, 38% cases the place of abused were not mentioned.



Geographical Divide of Abduction Cases

The data reveals that abduction cases were reported from the 67 districts of Pakistan, of which 33 districts of Punjab, 23 districts of Sindh, 7 districts of KP, 4 districts of Baluchistan, AJK and the Islamabad were identified.

Geographical Area of Crime	No of Districts
AJK	1
Federal	1
Baluchistan	2
KP	7
Sindh	23
Punjab	33
Total	67

Ten Most Vulnerable Districts

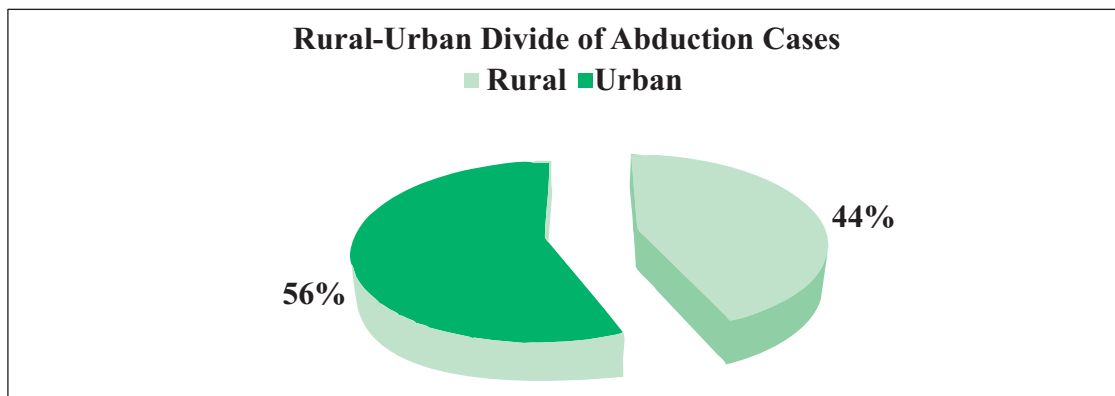
The table reveals that out of the total number of 1938 cases of abduction, 1612 (83%) cases were reported from these 10 districts, which are all from Punjab excluding Islamabad. Faisalabad is top of the list with 426 cases, 356 from Rawalpindi and 232 cases were reported from the Islamabad.

Ten Most Vulnerable Districts	
Districts	No of Cases
Faisalabad	426
Rawalpindi	356
Islamabad	232
Kasur	192
Sialkot	156
Gujranwala	74
Rahim Yar Khan	58
Lahore	42
Sargodha	41
Multan	35
Grand Total	1612

It would be important to see if these districts also report trafficking of children.

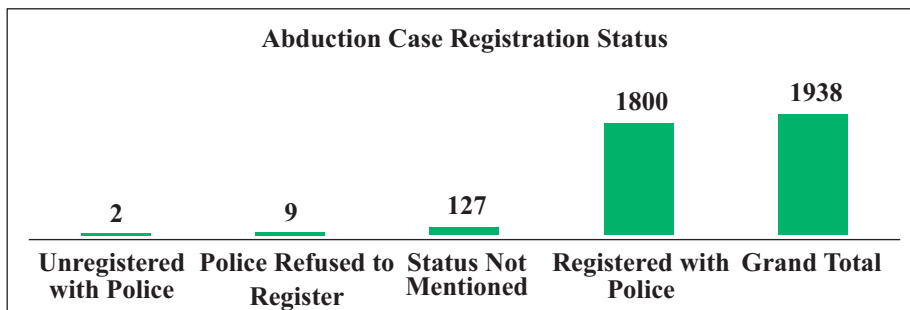
Rural-Urban Divide of Abduction Cases

In the year 2023, The chart shows that 845 (44%) children belong to rural settings and 1093 (56%) children belong to urban areas.



Abduction Case Registration Status

The graph shows that, 93% cases were registered with police, the status 6% cases were not mentioned in the newspaper reports, while in 9 cases police refused to register the case.



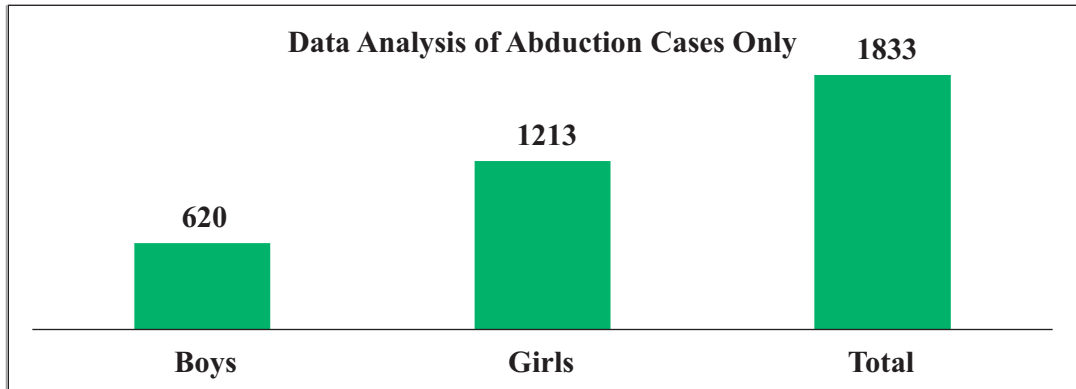
Data Analysis of Abduction Cases Only

Data Analysis of Abduction Cases Only

Out of the total 1938 cases, 1833 reported cases were of abduction only i.e., the category of abduction without any another crime.

Gender Divide of Abduction Cases Only

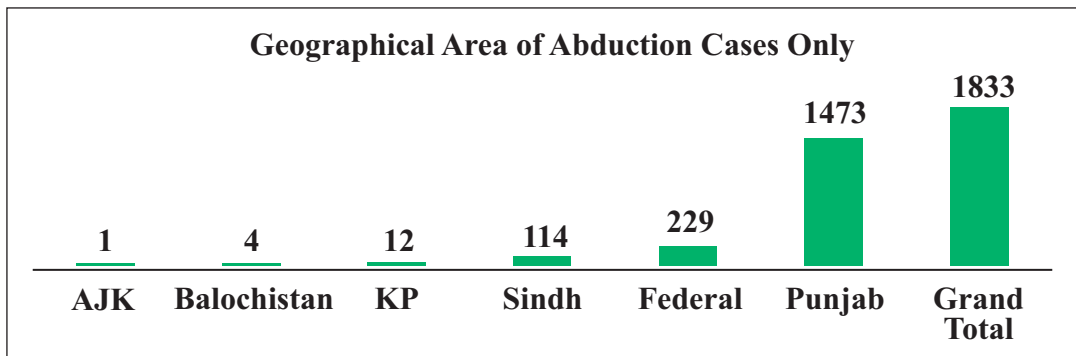
The following graph shows that out of the total number of 1833 reported cases of only abduction, 1213 of cases were girls and 620 were boys.



This year cases of abduction have increased in both genders as compared to last year data.

Geographical Area of Abduction Cases Only

The graph indicates the geographical areas of only abduction cases.



The cases of child abduction 1833 cases were reported from across the country excluding Gilgit Biltistan (GB) because this year no case of abduction was reported from GB.

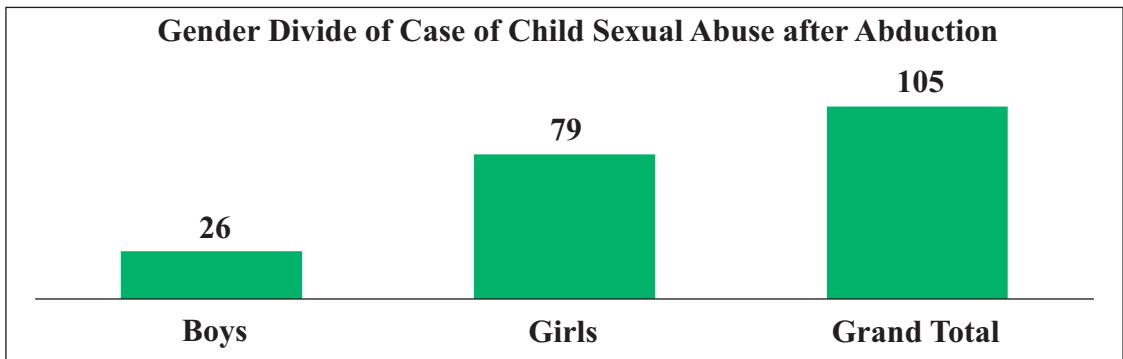
The data reveals that out of total reported cases of only abduction 80% cases are from Punjab, 12% cases from Federal (Islamabad Capital Territory), 6% cases from Sindh, 12 cases from KP, 4 Cases from Balochistan and 1 case from AJK.

Data Analysis of Abduction Cases and Sexual Abuse

This chapter is a detailed analysis of the reported cases of child sexual abuse after abduction.

Gender Divide of Cases of Sexual Abuse after Abduction

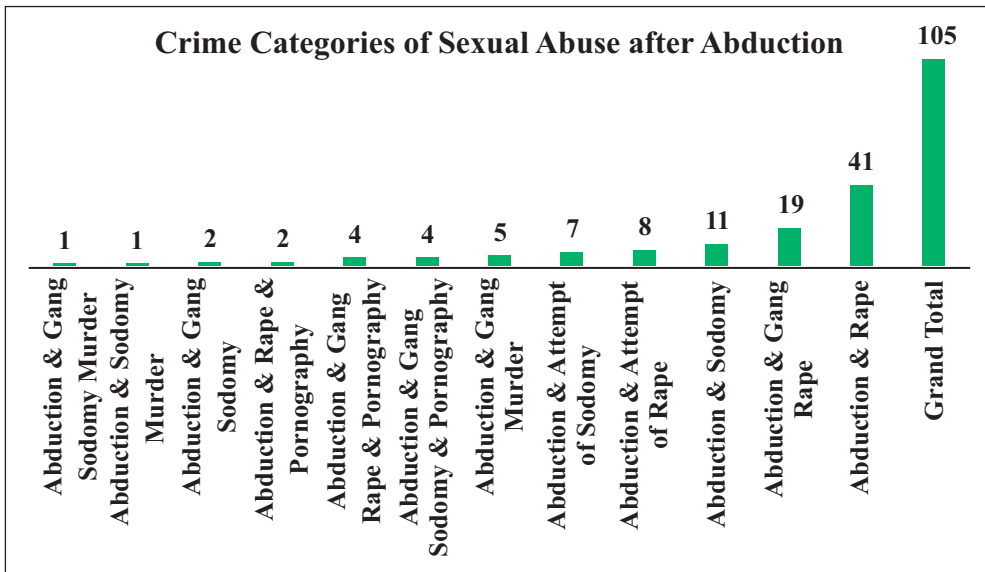
In the year 2023 out of the total number of 1833 reported cases of abduction, 105 (6%) cases were reported of sexual abuse after the abduction.



The above graph shows that out of reported cases, 75% were girls and 25% were boys.

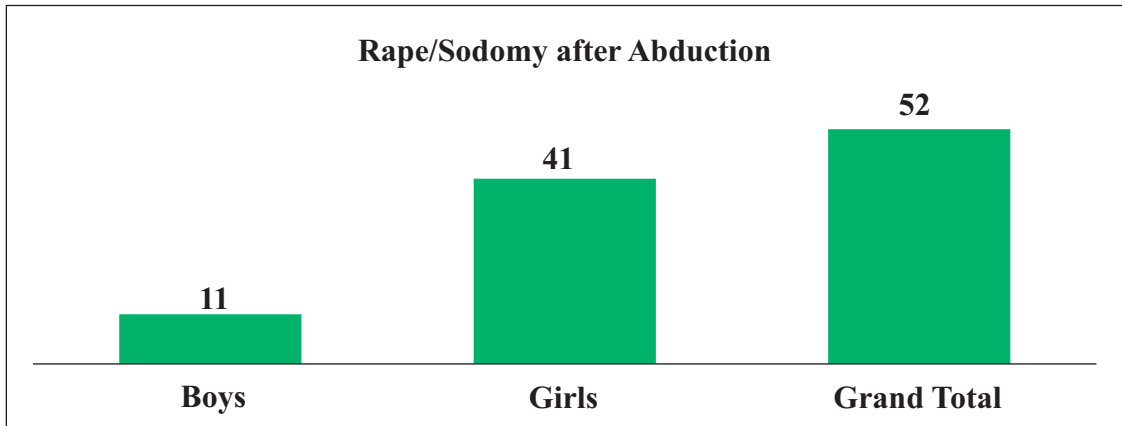
Crime Categories of Sexual Abuse after Abduction

The below graphs shows that the cases of child sexual abuse after abduction have been decreased 178 cases in 2022 to 1105cases reported in 2023.



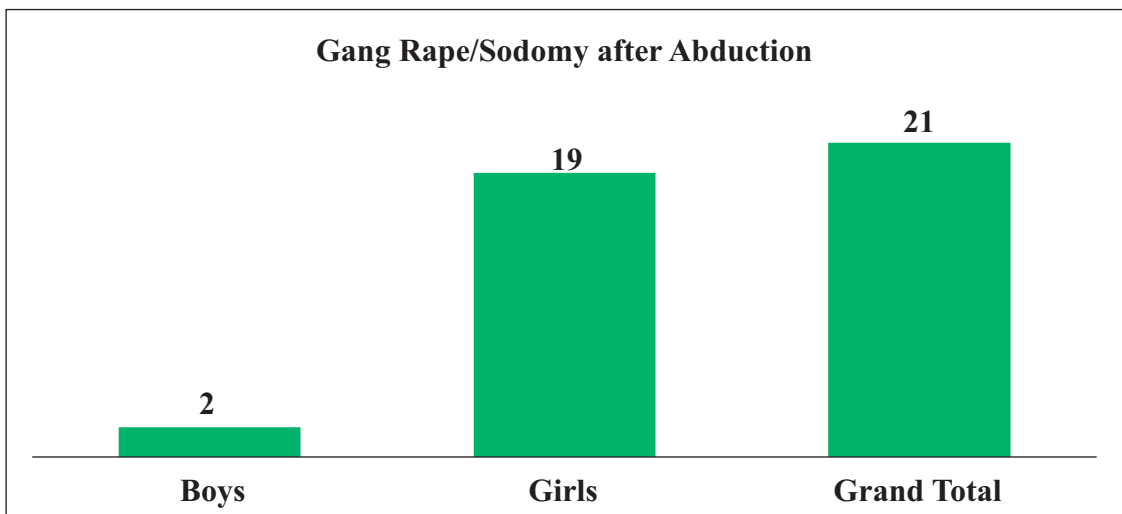
Rape/Sodomy after Abduction

The below graphs shows the cases of rape and sodomy after abduction. Gender distribution wise more girls were seen to be sexually abused than boys after abduction.



In comparison to 2022 data, Rape/Sodomy cases after abduction have decreased from 86 cases in 2022, to 52 cases reported in the year 2023.

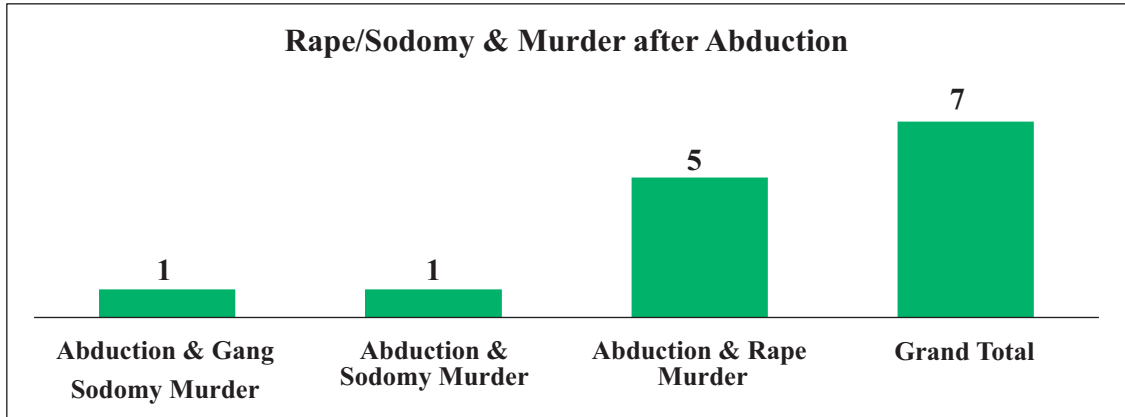
Gang Rape/Sodomy after Abduction



The data shows that this year also gangs were involved in most of the cases of girls' child sexual abuse after the abduction.

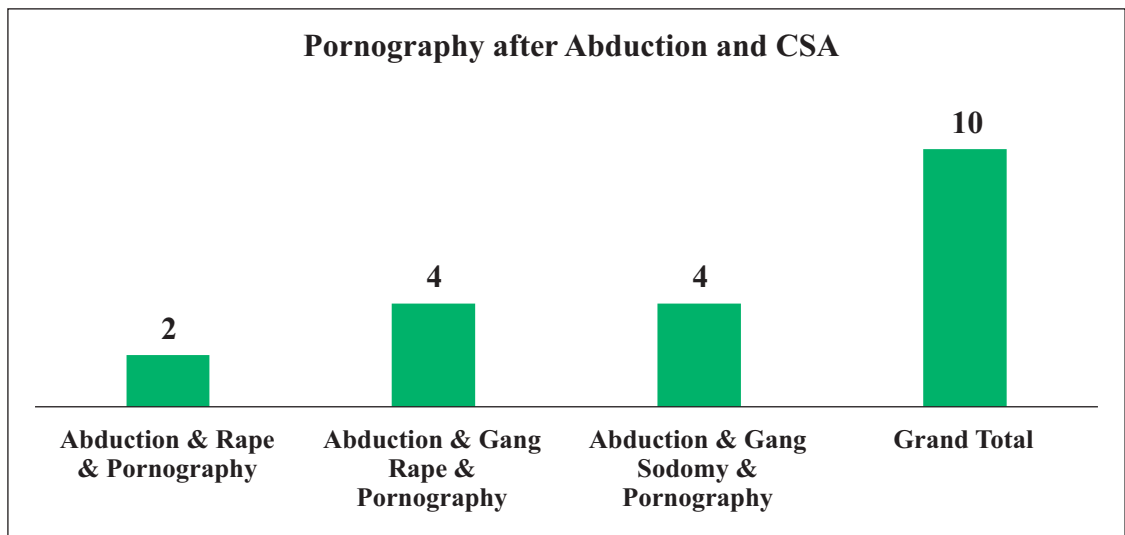
Rape/Sodomy & Murder after Abduction

The data shows that this year a total of 9 cases of children were sexually abused and murdered after the abduction.



Pornography after Abduction and CSA

This year a total of 10 cases were reported of pornography and CSA after the abduction

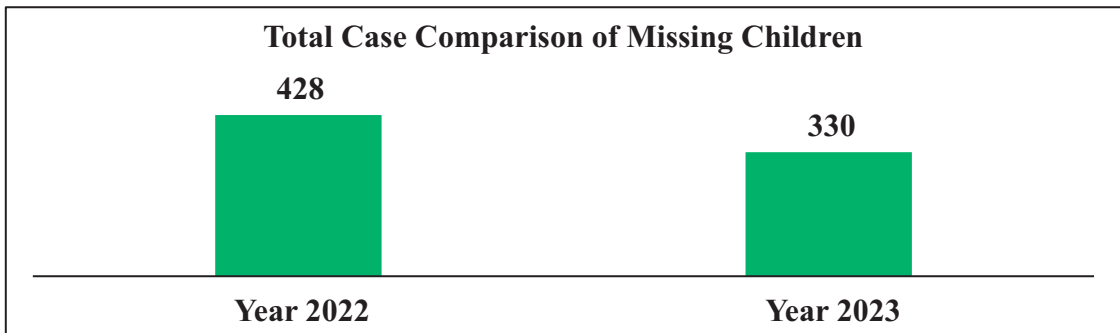


Data Analysis of Missing Children

“Missing children are those who are separately reported in newspapers under this category”

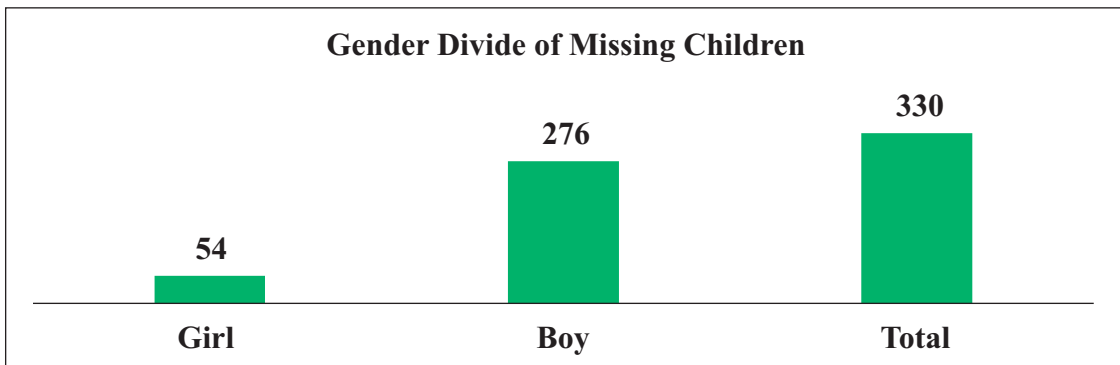
Case Comparison of Missing Children

Missing children are most likely to be victims of sexual abuse, commercial sexual exploitation, trafficking, and beggary.



In the year 2023, a total number of 330 cases of missing children were reported. Compared to the previous year's data shows that cases of missing children have decreased from 428 cases to 330 cases in the year 2023.

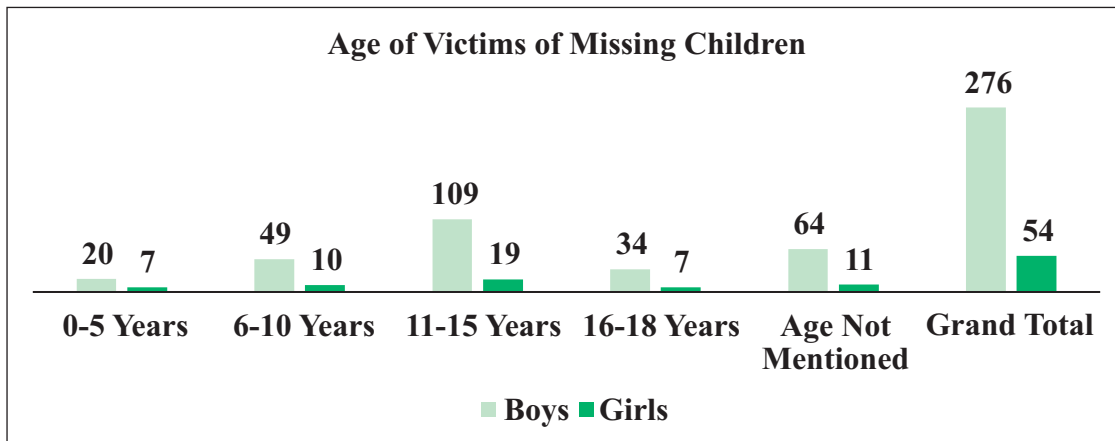
Gender Divide of Missing Children



The graph shows that out of the total 330 cases, 84% of cases were reported of boys, and 16% of cases were of girls. This may indicate that boys are more able to leave their homes, as their mobility in comparison to girls is more acceptable.

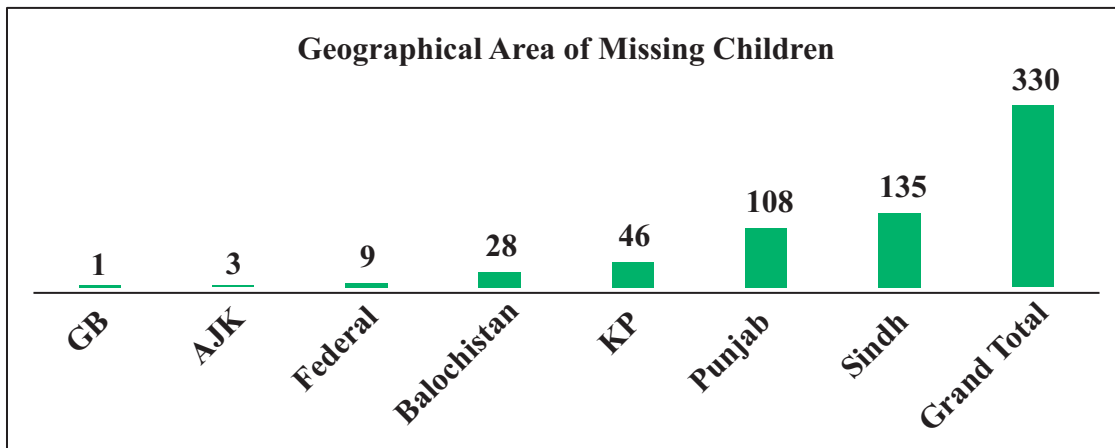
Age of Victims of Missing Children

As seen in previous years, the most vulnerable age for boys to be reported missing is 11-15 years.



Missing children could be those who leave home due to mistreatment, abuse or neglect. Older children disappeared from playing in streets, or from madrassahs. In less than 5 years old, boy's cases are more reported than girl's cases.

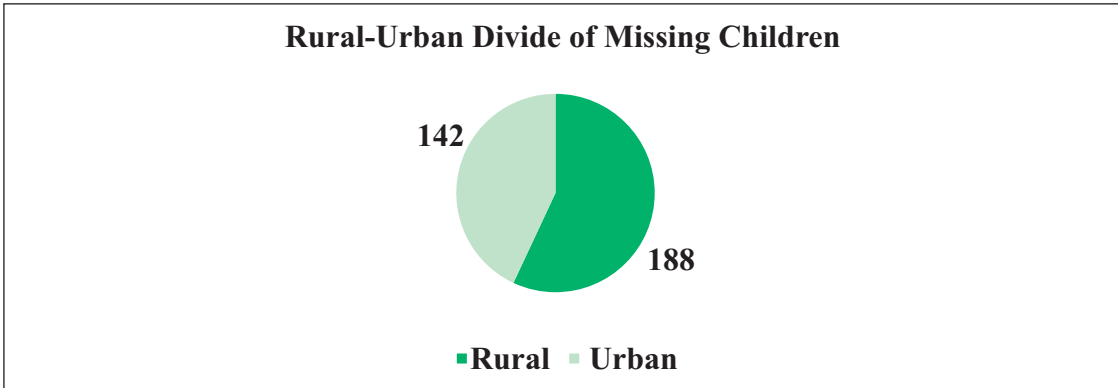
Geographical Area of Missing Children



In the year 2023, out of the total 330 reported cases of missing children, 41% of the cases were reported from Sindh, 33% cases from Punjab, 14% cases from KP, 8% cases from the Baluchistan, and 4% cases from Federal (Islamabad Capital Territory), AJK, and GB.

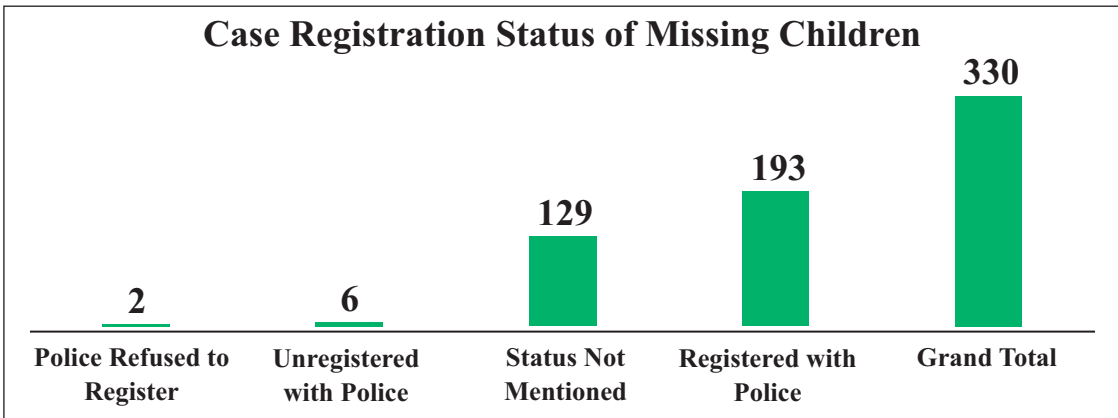
Rural-Urban Divide of Missing Children

This year out of the total 330 cases, 188 cases were reported from rural areas, and 142 cases were reported from urban areas.



Missing Children case Registration Status

The highest number of cases registered with police in newspaper reports.



The graph reveals that out of the total 330 reported cases, 58% of cases were registered with the police, 39% cases status not mentioned in the newspaper, 6 cases unregistered with the police, and in 2 case police refused to register the case

Ten Most Vulnerable Districts of Abduction Cases

Out of the total 330 reported cases, 53% of cases were reported from these 10 districts.

The table shows that Khairpur is on top of list with 30 cases, this year Quetta jumped to second number with 24 cases, it was not in the top ten districts in the previous year 2022.

Vulnerable Districts of Missing Children Cases	No of Cases
Khairpur	30
Quetta	24
Lahore	23
Kasur	21
Peshawar	21
Larkana	13
Sargodha	13
Sialkot	13
Naushera Feroz	10
Sukkur	10
Total	178

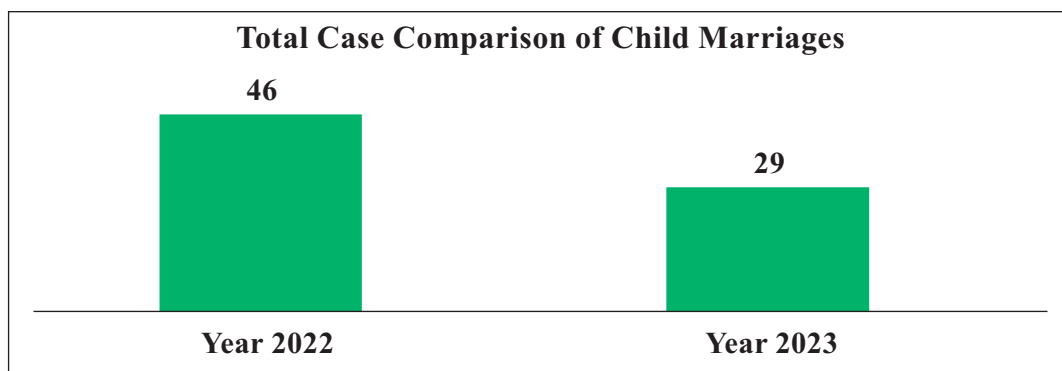
Data Analysis of Child Marriages

Child Marriages

“Child marriage is defined as a formal or informal union before the age of 18 years for boys and 16 years for girls in Pakistan. However, in Sindh province, the legally accepted age for both boys and girls is 18 years”.

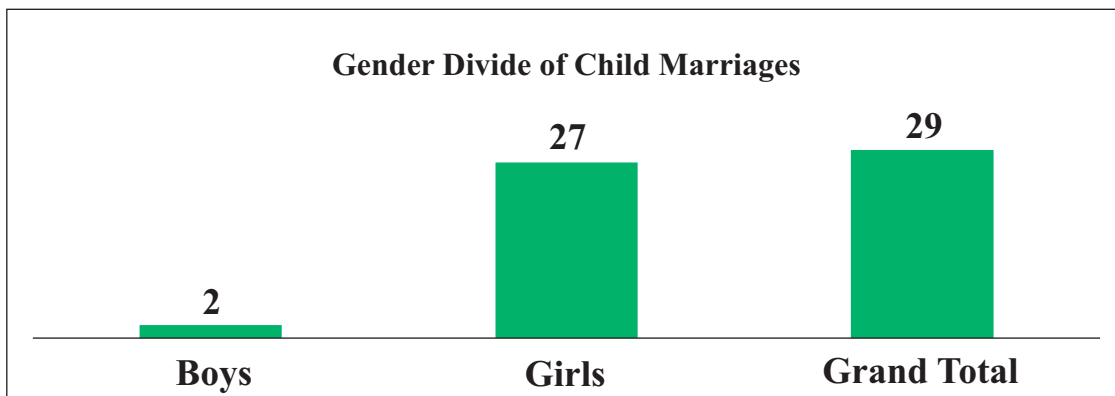
Cases of Child Marriages

The analysis of the report shows that this year out of total 4213 cases, 29 child marriages cases were reported. The cases of child marriages continuously decreasing for the last years, which is positive sign



In the year 2023, a total of 29 cases of child marriages were reported. In comparison to the previous year's data child marriages cases have decreased.

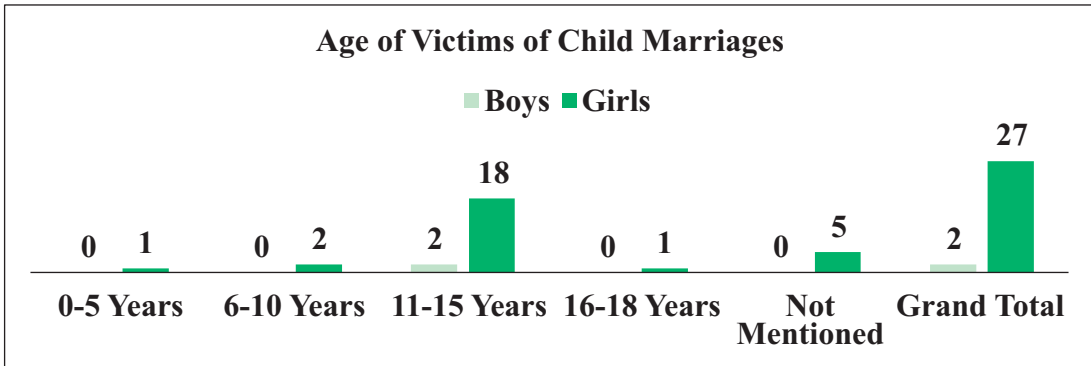
Gender Divide of Child Marriages



Same as previous years, this year also more girls became the victim of this crime as compared to boys. The fact that more girls are being married a young age in comparison to boys indicates that girls are being married to older persons.

Age of Victims of Child Marriages

The data shows that most cases of child marriages continue to be reported in the age bracket 11-15 years. The below graph indicates that 69% cases reported from the age bracket 11-15 years.



The graph shows that this year in the age bracket up to 10 years only girls' cases of child marriages were reported.

Crime Categories of Child Marriages

Definition of Vanni/Sang Chatti and Swara

“Vanni, Sang Chatti, and Swara are traditional practices where girls or boys are given away for marriage as a settlement for a dispute or as blood money in settlement of murder”.

This table shows the different types/categories of child marriages that were reported in the year 2023.

Crime Category	Boys	Girls
Child Marriages	2	26
Vanni	0	1
Grand Total	2	27

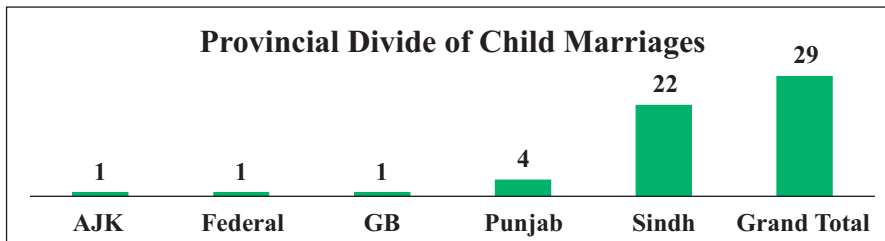
ARRESTED

Man ‘marries’ underage girl

FAISALABAD. Satiana Police arrested a man for allegedly solemnizing “marriage” with an underage girl in Faisalabad on Monday. The suspect had allegedly “married” a girl studying in Grade-V. Police claimed the suspect kept the girl under detention in Chak 434-GB. App

Provincial Divide of Child Marriages

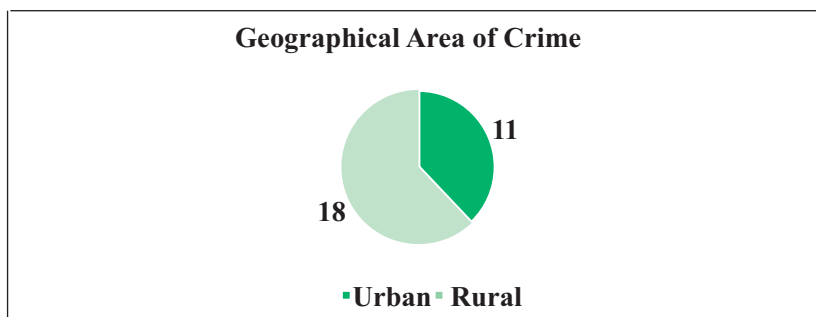
The data shows that, 76% of cases of child marriages were reported from Sindh province. Whereas this year Punjab province reported 4 cases of child marriages in 2023.



No case of child marriages were reported from the Baluchistan and KP.

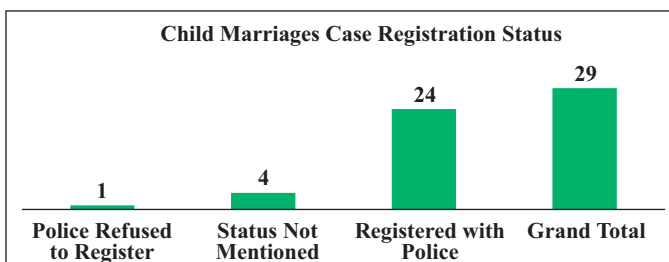
Rural-Urban Divide of Child Marriages

The Statistics of Cruel Number Shows that 18 cases have been reported from the rural areas and 11 cases from the urban areas.



Child Marriages Case Registration Status

Like in other crime categories most cases of child marriages are also registered with police in the year 2023.



The data shows that out of the total 29 cases, 67% cases were registered with police, in 4 cases status were not mentioned in newspaper and 1 case police refused to registered.

RECOMMENDATION

1. Article 25-A of the Constitution of Pakistan on free education for 5 years olds to 16 years must be implemented to ensure children are in schools.
2. Mental Health Professionals must be available in schools for senior students.
3. Awareness raising programs must be given to all stakeholders, especially teachers, parents and children, regarding safety measures to protect children from all forms of harm .
4. Child Friendly police stations and courts must be established to ease victim case registration and evidence.
5. Juvenile courts must be in place as recommended in JJSO.
6. Implementation of Islamabad High Court Order 2019, stating that the rank of not less than an assistant superintendent police officer(ASP) will investigate cases of child sexual abuse.
7. Law against Child Domestic Labour must be legislated.

Data Analysis of Violence against Children

Injuries and Deaths of children in 2023

This year for the first time Sahil monitored cases of children up to 18 years, who had suffered some kind of injury or death.

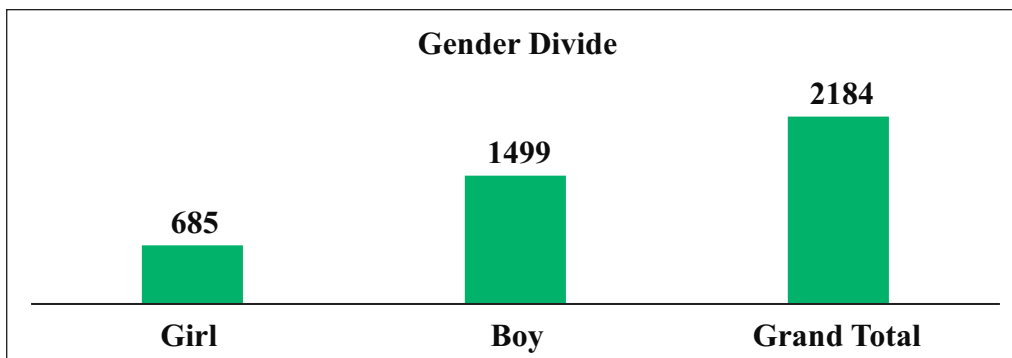
Analysis of Violence against Children Cases	
Violence Against Children	No of Cases
Year 2023	2184

This situation requires immediate attention.

The responsibility to protect children lies with the state, parents, community, and every individual.

Gender Divide

The data shows that boys were more as compare to girls. Out of total 2184 cases of 1499 boys and 685 girls were victim of neglect of parents and violence.

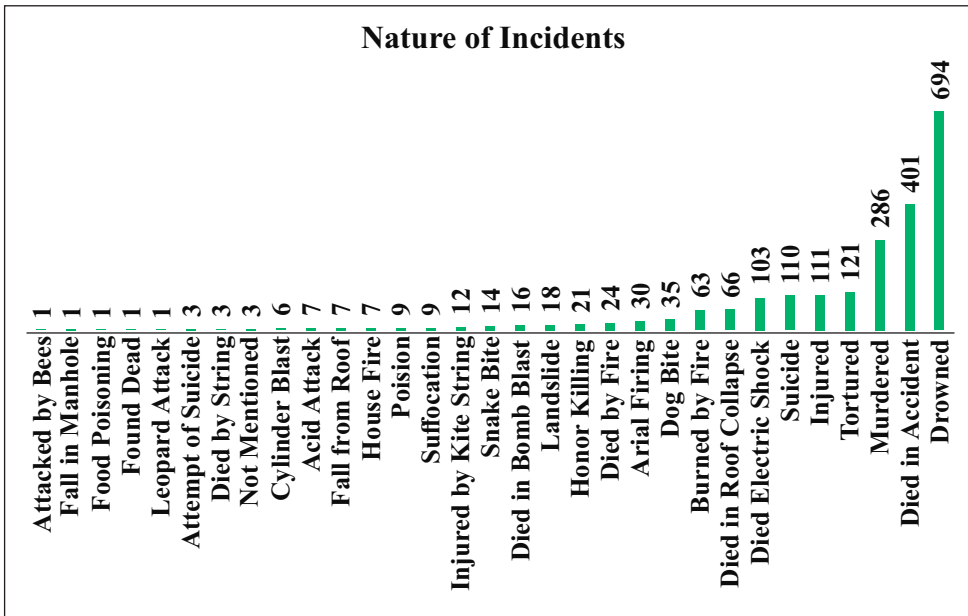


The graph reveals the data that 69% are boys and 31% are girls who victims were of violence.

Nature of Incidents

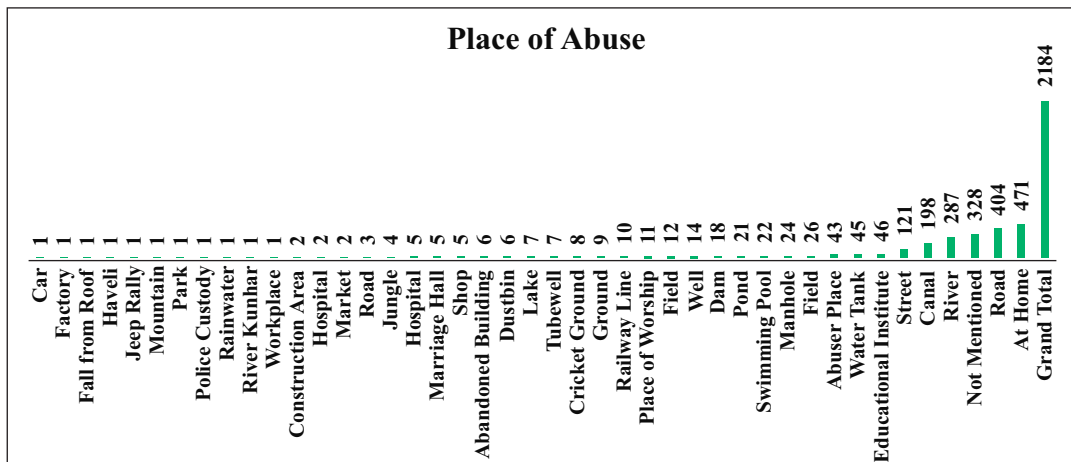
The below graph shows that the nature of incidents occurred with children. The data shows that 694 cases of drowning, 401 cases of accident, 286 murdered, 121 cases of torture, 111 cases of injured, 110 cases of suicide and 27 other kinds of incidents were reported. Most of these incidences should never have happened.

The reason behind these cases is the negligence of society. As a whole there is the need of immediate attention for preventive measures.



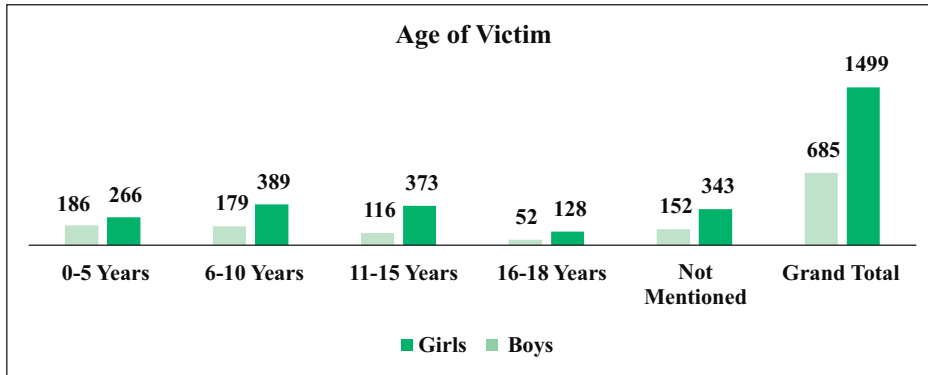
Place of Abuse

The data shows the various places that children are vulnerable to these type of incidents.



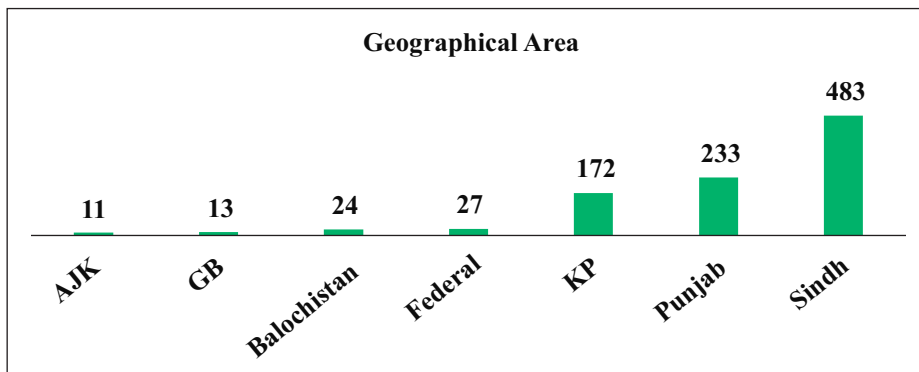
Age of Victim

The data shows that the children of all ages are equally vulnerable. The below graph shows that the age bracket of 16-18 years are not as much victimized as compared to other age brackets.



Geographical Divide

The following graph shows the geographical areas of incidents.



Recommendations:

Awareness in schools and communities must be given on the dangers that children may face.

Parents are given coaching on parental skills and child protection.

Mental health services, through counselors, to be available in Basic Health Units for children and adults.

Government must ensure that no exposed electric wires left open on the streets.

Early childhood program whereby children are provided with education, nutrition, and health facilities in a safe environment is an urgent need.

**Annexure No. 1
(Districts Divide of Reported Cases)**

District Wise Distribution of Reported Cases										
Punjab		Mandi Bahauddin	3	Matiari	10	Kohistan	1			
Districts	No of Cases	Narawal	3	Sujawal	10	Laki Marwat	1			
Faisalabad	888	Rajanpur	2	Thatta	5	Malakand	1			
Rawalpindi	496	Sahiwal	2	Total	541	Shangla	1			
Kasur	382	Bakhar	1	Baluchistan		Total	124			
Sialkot	266	Layyah	1	Districts	No of Cases	AJK	No of Cases			
Gujranwala	169	Mianwali	1	Quetta	37	Districts	No of Cases			
Lahore	151	Total	3165	Loralai	4	Muzafarabad	12			
Sargodha	104	Sindh		Hub	2	Hatian Bala	5			
Rahim Yar Khan	84	Districts	No of Cases	Pashin	2	Bhimber	2			
Sheikhupura	80	Khairpur	82	Dera Bugti	1	Kotli	2			
Muzafarghar	69	Larkana	46	Jaffarabad	1	Rawalakot	2			
Vehari	69	Naushero Feroz	36	Kachi	1	Total	23			
Multan	66	Dadu	33	Kalat	1	GB				
Okara	47	Karachi	33	Khuzdar	1	Districts	No of Cases			
Toba Tek Singh	45	Sukkur	32	Total	50	Gilgit	2			
Khanewal	38	Ghotki	24	KP		Astore	1			
Chakwal	36	Qamber Shahdadkot	23	Districts	No of Cases	Ghizer	1			
Hafizabad	27	Shaheed Benizirabad	21	Peshawar	36	Total	4			
Gujrat	23	Sanghar	20	Abbottabad	13	Federal				
Pak Patan	15	Hyderabad	19	DI Khan	12	Districts	No of Cases			
Attock	14	Kashmore	18	Haripur	12	Islamabad	306			
Lodhran	14	Mirpur Khas	18	Nowshera	12	Total	306			
Nankana Sahib	14	Umerkot	17	Manshera	10	Grand Total 4213				
Sahiwal	14	Jacobabad	16	Swat	7					
Jhang	11	badin	15	Khyber	6					
Jhelum	9	Tando Allah Yar	15	Kohat	5					
Chiniot	8	Tando Muhammad Khan	13	Charsada	3					
Bahawalnagar	5	Jamshoro	12	Mardan	2					
Bahawalpur	4	Tharparkar		Hangu	1					
DG Khan	4	Shikarpur		Karak	1					

**Annexure # 2
(Districts Divide for CSA Cases Only)**

District Wise Distribution of CSA Cases Only									
Punjab		Bahawalpur	4	Umerkot	9	Khuzdar	1		
Districts	No of Cases	DG Khan	4	Ghotki	8	Loralai	3		
Faisalabad	491	Bahawalnagar	3	Jacobabad	8	Pashin	1		
Kasur	179	Mandi Bahauddin	2	Kashmore	6	Quetta	10		
Rawalpindi	133	Narowal	2	Shikarpur	6	Grand T total	18		
Sialkot	99	Layyah	1	Matiari	5	AJK			
Gujranwala	93	Mianwali	1	Jamshoro	3	Districts	No of Cases		
Lahore	91	Rajapur	1	Thatta	3	Bhimber	1		
Sargodha	53	Sahiwal	1	Total	270	Hatian Bala	5		
Sheikhupura	51	Total	1580	KP		Kotli	2		
Vehari	45	Sindh		Districts	No of Cases	Muzafarabad	8		
Muzafarghar	39	Districts	No of Cases	Abbottabad	4	Rawalakot	2		
Okara	36	Khairpur	37	Charsada	2	Total	18		
Multan	34	Larkana	21	DI Khan	11	GB			
Khanewal	30	Dadu	19	Haripur	11	Districts	No of Cases		
Toba Tek Singh	30	Karachi	17	Karak	1	Ghizer	1		
Chakwal	26	Naushero Feroz	15	Kohat	5	Gilgit	1		
Rahim Yar Khan	23	Qamber Shahdaktot	12	Kohistan	1	Total	2		
Hafizabad	20	badin	11	Manshera	6	Federal			
Gujrat	12	Hyderabad	11	Nowshera	5	Districts	No of Cases		
Lodhran	12	Mirpur Khas	11	Peshawar	13	Islamabad	67		
Pak Patan	12	Sukkur	11	Shangla	1	Total	67		
Sahiwal	11	Tando Allah Yar	10	Swat	6				
Jhang	10	Tando Muhammad Khan	10	Total	66				
Nankana Sahib	10	Tharparkar	10	Baluchistan					
Attock	8	Sanghar	9	Districts	No of Cases				
Chiniot	8	Shaheed Benizirabad	9	Hub	2				
Jehlum	5	Sujawal	9	Kachi	1	Grand T Total	2021		

Annexure # 3
(Districts Wise Distribution for Child Abduction and CSA Cases)

Districts wise Distribution for Child Abduction and CSA Cases									
Punjab		Narowal	1	Kashmore	8	Total	4		
Districts	No of Cases	Okara	17	Khairpur	16	Districts	KP		
Attock	3	Pak Patan	4	Larkana	11	Abbottabad	1		
Bahawalnagar	2	Rahim Yar Khan	58	Matiari	4	DI Khan	2		
Bahawalpur	1	Rajanpur	1	Mirpur Khas	4	Haripur	1		
Bakhar	1	Rawalpindi	356	Naushero Feroz	10	Manshera	1		
Chakwal	10	Sahiwal	3	Qamber Shahdadkot	5	Nowshera	6		
Chiniot	2	Sahiwal	1	Sanghar	3	Peshawar	2		
Faisalabad	426	Sargodha	41	Shaheed Benizirabad	7	Swat	1		
Gujranwala	74	Sheikhupura	35	Shikarpur	2	Total	14		
Gujrat	10	Sialkot	156	Sujawal	2	Federal			
Hafizabad	6	Toba Tek Singh	16	Sukkur	10	Districts	No of Cases		
Jhelum	3	Vehari	26	Tando Allah Yar	3	Islamabad	232		
Jhang	1	Total	1562	Tando Muhammad Khan	3	Total	232		
Kasur	192	Sindh	No of Cases	Tharparkar	1	AJK			
Khanewal	4	Districts	No of Cases	Thatta	1	Districts	No of Cases		
Lahore	42	badin	3	Umerkot	4	Muzafarabad	1		
Lodhran	2	Dadu	7	Total	125	Total	1		
Mandi Bahauddin	1	Ghotki	6	Baluchistan					
Multan	35	Hyderabad	3	Districts	No of Cases				
Muzafarghar	31	Jacobabad	5	Dera Bugti	1				
Nankana Sahib	1	Karachi	7	Quetta	3	Grand Total	1938		

**Annexure # 4
(Districts Wise Distribution for Missing Children)**

Districts wise Distribution for Missing Children										
Districts	Sindh		Thatta	2	Gujrat	1	Quetta	24	Federal	No of Cases
	No of Cases		Badin	1	Jehlum	1	Jaffarabad	1		
Khairpur	30		Matiari	1	Sheikhupura	1	Kalat	1		
Larkana	13		Tharparkar	1	Vehari	1	Loralai	1		
Naushero Feroz	10		Total	135	Total	108	Pashin	1		
Sukkur	10		Punjab		KP		Total	28		
Jamshoro	9		Districts	No of Cases	Districts	No of Cases				
Karachi	9		Lahore	23	Peshawar	21	Districts	No of Cases		
Ghotki	8		Kasur	21	Abbottabad	9	Islamabad	9		
Sanghar	6		Sargodha	13	Khyber	6	Total	9		
Dadu	5		Sialkot	13	Manshera	3	AJK			
Hyderabad	5		Rawalpindi	7	Mardan	2	Districts	No of Cases		
Shaheed Benizirabad	5		Gujranwala	6	Charsada	1	Muzafarabad	2		
Kashmore	4		Faisalabad	4	Hangu	1	Bhimber	1		
Jacobabad	3		Khanewal	4	Laki Marwat	1	Total	3		
Mirpur Khas	3		Attock	3	Malakand	1	GB			
Qamber	3		Nankana							
Shahdadkot	3		Sahib	3	Nowshera	1	Districts	No of Cases		
Umerkot	3		Rahim Yar Khan	3	Total	46	Astore	1		
Shikarpur	2		Hafizabad	2	Balochistan		Total	1		
Tando Allah Yar	2		Multan	2	Districts	No of Cases	Grand Total	330		

Annexure # 5
(Districts Divide for Child Marriages Cases

District Divide for Child Marriages Cases						
Districts	Sindh		Punjab		Federal	
	No of Cases	Districts	No of Cases	Districts	No of Cases	Districts
Dadu	2	Faisalabad	2	Islamabad		1
Ghotki	3	Kasur	1	Total		1
Khairpur	2	Rawalpindi	1		AJK	
Larkana	4	Total	4	Districts		No of Cases
Naushero Feroz	3		GB	Muzafarabad		1
Qamber Shahdadkot	3	Districts	No of Cases	Total		1
Sanghar	2	Gilgit	1			
Shikarpur	1	Total	1	Grand Total		29
Sukkur	1					
Umerkot	1					
Total	22					

**Annexure # 6
(Court Convictions in Monitored Newspaper)**

Court Conviction in Monitored Newspaper							
Year of case Registration	Victim's Gender	Age of Victim	Crime Category	Imprisonment	Fine in Rupees	Compensation	District
2013	Female	Not Mentioned	Gange Rape	Death Sentence and 12 Years Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Kotli
2016	Female	Not Mentioned	Rape	20 Years Imprisonment	500000	Nil	Neelum
2017	Female	Not Mentioned	Attempt of Rape	2 Years	2,000,000	Nil	Rawalpindi
2018	Female	9 Year	Rape and Murder	21 Years	2200000	Nil	Nowshera
2019	Male	Not Mentioned	Sodomy	21 Years	2,100,000	200,000	Lodhran
2019	Male	Not Mentioned	Gange Sodomy	24 Years Imprisonment	300,000	Nil	Attock
2019	Female	14 Year	Rape	Death Sentence	Not Mentioned	1,000,000	Lahore
2020	Female	Not Mentioned	Rape	10 Years Imprisonment	100,000	Nil	Karachi
2020	Female	8 Year	Rape and Murder	3 Times Death Sentence	1,000,000	Nil	Pashawar
2021	Male	Not Mentioned	Child Pronography	2 Years Imprisonment	50,000	Nil	Faislabad
2021	Female	Not Mentioned	Rape	Life Imprisonment	2,000,000	Nil	Httiyan Balla
2021	Female	Not Mentioned	Sexual Harrasment	Life Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Islamabad
2021	Female	3.5 Year	Rape	Life Imprisonment	300000	Nil	Rawalpindi
2021	Female	14 Year	Rape	Life Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Islamabad

2022	Male	Not Mentioned	Sodomy	Death Sentence and 10 Years Imprisonment	1,000,000	Nil	Rawalakot
2022	Male	14 Year	Sodomy	Life Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Jehlum
2022	Female	Not Mentioned	Rape	14 Years Imprisonment	200,000	Nil	D-I Khan
2022	Female	14 Year	Rape	10 Years Imprisonment	100000	Nil	Karachi
2022	Female	15 Years	Rape	14 Years Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Muzafar Garh
2022	Male	Not Mentioned	Sodomy	Life Imprisonment	400,000	Nil	Quetta
2022	Male	Not Mentioned	Sodomy	10 Years Imprisonment	200,000	Nil	Quetta
2023	Female	Not Mentioned	Sexual Harrasment	4 Years	400,000	Nil	Rawalpindi
2023	Female	9 Year	Rape and Murder	Life Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Badin
2023	Male	Not Mentioned	Sodomy and Child Ponography	14 Years Imprisonment	1,000,000	Nil	Gawadar
2023	Female	13 Year	Rape	Death Sentence and Life Imprisonment	500,000	1,000,000	Rahim Yar Khan
Not Mentioned	Female	Not Mentioned	Abduction and Rape	2 Times Life Imprisonment	200,000	Nil	Chakwal
Not Mentioned	Female	Not Mentioned	Rape	10 Years Imprisonment	Not Mentioned	Nil	Bagh
Not Mentioned	Female	Not Mentioned	Sexual Harrasment	2 Years Imprisonment	2,000,000	Nil	Rawalpindi
Not Mentioned	Male	4 Years	Sodomy	10 Years Imprisonment	50,000	Nil	Muzfarabad
Not Mentioned	Male	10 Year	Sodomy	24 Years Imprisonment	1,000,000	Nil	Sargodha
Not	Female	9 Year	Rape	life Imprisonment	300,000	Nil	Rawalpindi

**Annexure # 7
(Court Convictions through Sahil Legal Aid))**

Court Convictions through Sahil Legal Aid							
Year of Case Registration	Victim's Gender	Age of Victim	Crime Category	Imprisonment	Fine in Rupees	Compensation	District
2021	Female	8 Years	Rape	12 Years Imprisonment	50,000	Nil	Umer Kot
2020	Female	16 Years	Rape	Life Imprisonment	500,000	80,000	Rawalpindi

Annexure # 8 Daily Monitored Newspapers List

Head Office	Sr#	Newspaper	Languages	Sr #	Newspaper	Languages	Sr #	Newspaper	Languages	Sr#	Newspaper	Languages
Newspaper	23	Kashmir Express	Urdu	46	Express Multan	Urdu	67	92 News	Urdu			
Dawn	24	Pakistan	Urdu	47	Express Faisalabad	Urdu	68	Express				
The News	25	Muhasib GB	Urdu	48	Express Sargodha	Urdu	69	Ba Khabar				
The Nation	26	Sada-i-Chinnar	Urdu	49	Express Rahim Yar Khan	Urdu	70	Intikhab				
The Express Tribune		Regional Office Lahore		50	Khabrain Lahore		71	Azadi				
92News		Regional Office Sukkur		51	Khabrain Multan			Regional Office Abbottabad				
Khabrain	29	The News	English									
Jehan Pakistan	30	Dawn	English				72	Aaj	Urdu			
Sama	31	Jang Lahore	Urdu	53	Dawn	Urdu	73	Shamal	Urdu			
Jumma Kashmir	32	92News	Urdu	54	Express	Urdu	74	Muhasib	Urdu			
Hamaliya Today	33	Nai Baat	Urdu	55	Dunya	Urdu	75	Pine	Urdu			
Gilgit Baltistan Express	34	Nawa-i-Waqt	Urdu	56	Jang Sukkur	Urdu	76	Mashriq	Urdu			
Ausaf	35	Jinnah	Urdu	57	Kawish	Urdu	77	Aaj Swat	Urdu			
Asas	36	Mashriq	Urdu	58	Awami Awaz	Urdu	78	Sarhad	Urdu			
Kasmir Link	37	Ausaf Lahore	Urdu	59	Sindh Express	Urdu	79	Hazara	Urdu			
Nawa-i-Waqt	38	Pakistan Lahore	Urdu	60	Sobh	Urdu	80	Aeen	Urdu			
Jang	39	Jurat	Urdu	61	Jeejal	Urdu	81	Ittehad	Urdu			
Express	40	Abb Tak	Urdu	62	Ibrat	Urdu						
Dunya	41	Dunya Lahore	Urdu	64	Pehanji Akhbar	Urdu						
Jinnah	42	Dunya Multan	Urdu		Regional Office Jaffarabad							
K2 GB	43	Dunya Faisalabad	Urdu									
AI Akhbar	44	Dunya Gujranwala	Urdu	65	Jang Quetta	Urdu						
Nai Baat	45	Express Lahore	Urdu	66	Mashriq	Urdu						
										Grand Total	81	

Legal Research on Child Protection

Report: Imtiaz Ahmed Somra
Sahil Legal Coordinator

P L J 2000 Cr. C. (Lahore) 913 (DB) ,

PLD 2000 Lahore 449 (Multan Bench Multan)

Present: Tassaduq Hussain Jilani and Nasim Sikandar, JJ , State versus Abdul Malik Alias Malkoo

However, we would like to quote the survey report of an NGO from Islamabad, published in Daily Dawn dated 13th of Feb, 2000 which has not been changed by the Government. As per the said report about one thousand children were abused in the year, 1999. The afore-referred report is being reproduced below. Islamabad, Feb, 12A spokesperson for Sahil, an NGO working against child abuse, told a press conference here on Friday that during 1999 as many as 945 children were sexually abused by 1,629 men. Sahil put out these figures by monitoring media for cases of child sexual abuse. The NGO monitors 11 Urdu and English Newspapers regularly. **The spokesperson for Sahil said that out of 945 reported cases, 56 percent pertained to girls and 44 percent to boys.** He said that these 945 cases were just the tip of the iceberg. Sahil maintains that the majority of the cases go unreported due to social tendencies of

denial and silence According to the statistics of the Sahil, out of 1,629 abusers, 1219 were acquaintances. About murder after sexual assault, the NGO said 15 girls were gang-raped and 15 boys were murdered. It said that 169 girls were gang-raped and 117 male children were sodomized. Sahil's data shows that 21 cases of incest were reported during Jan-Dec 1999. This is a confirmation for those who deny that incest occurs in Pakistan. According to Sahil's figures during this period, the abusers have targeted a majority of boys between the ages of 5-10 years and 10-15 years.

2013 SCMR 203 Present: Iftikhar Muhammad Chaudhry, CJ, Jawad S Khwaja Khilji Arif Hussain JJ Salman Akram Raja Versus, Government of Punjab through Chief Secretary. Penal Code(XLV of 1860) Ss.375 & 376---Constitution of Pakistan, Art.184 (3)

Of the Constitution challenging the legality of a compromise/out-of-court settlement between a gang-rape victim and the accused rapists---Supreme Court observed that rape was an offence against the whole society and case was registered in the name of the State, therefore where complaint party did not come forward to pursue the case and courts should also take into consideration such aspects of the case while extending benefit to the accused--- **Supreme Court**, however, directed that every police station that received rape complaints should involve reputable civil society organizations for the purpose of legal aid and counseling; that a list of such organizations might be provided by bodies such as the National Commission on the Status of Women; that on the receipt of information regarding commission of rape, Investigation Officer/Station House Officer(S.H.O) should inform such organizations at the earliest.

2017 M L D 1321[Sindh (Sukkur Bench)],Before Abdul Rasool Memon and Sadiq Hussain Bhatti, JJ, Abdul Aziz versus Muhammad Punhal

(a)Anti-Terrorism Act (XXVII of 1997) ----S.6---Jurisdiction of Anti-Terrorism Court, determination of---Complainant had challenged the order passed by Anti-Terrorism Court, by which it was directed the Investigating Officer to submit challah of accused before the ordinary criminal court---Validity---Commission of any act, creating fear and insecurity in any Section of people would fall within the ambit of case as contemplated under S. 6 of Anti-Terrorism Act, 1997 and Anti-Terrorism Court would assume the jurisdiction for trial of such a case.

Hadi Bux Bhatt for Applicant (Sahil Lawyer)

Sikandar Ali Junejo for Respondents No. 1 and 2

Saleem Akhtar Buriro, Additional Prosecutor General Sindh.

2016 P Cr. L J 454 [Peshawar]Before Qalandar Ali Khan, J, Waseem Bashir Versus The State

----S. 497---Penal Code (XLV of 1860), Ss.377 & 511---Sodomy, attempt to commit offenses punishable with imprisonment for life---Bail, refusal of---FIR, wherein accused was directly charged for despicable act, had been lodged by the father of the victim (aged 5/6 years) with utmost promptitude Negative report of Forensic Science Laboratory would have no significance, where there was no allegation of penetration and ejaculation---petition was dismissed.

Waheed Jan Muhammad for the Complainant (Sahil Lawyer)

2019 YLR 2171 Islamabad, PLJ 2020-Cr.c. Islamabad 238 Before Athar Minallah,

C J and Miangul Hassan Aurangzeb, J

Child witness--- statement of a minor----reliance--- scope ---- conviction could be handed down placing reliance on the sole testimony of a child witness but as a rule of prudence it was generally preferred that it should be corroborated by some other evidence to ensure the safe administration of justice.

Barrister Ahsan Jamal Pirzada for Appellant (in jail Appeal No 76 of 2015)

Imtiaz Ahmad Somro for the complainant/ respondent (SAHIL Lawyer)

Malik Awais Haider, state counsel

ISLAMABAD HIGH COURT ISLAMABAD

**CRL. Misc. No. 652-B of 2019 Muhammad Zeeshan Versus The State, Etc.
Ms. Asma Shabbur Malik, advocate for the petitioner
Syed Safer Hussain Shah, and Mr. Imtiaz Ahmad Somra Advocates for the
Complainant(SAHIL Lawyers) Malik Awaid Haider, state counsel,
Mr. Waqaruddin Sayyid, DIG operation,
Mr. Tanveer Mustafa, SP investigations,
Mr. Azhar Shah DSP, Legal, Mr. Talib Hussain, S.I with record**

Para, 9- It is noted that children require extraordinary care and protection, particularly when incidents involving sexual abuse and molestation are reported frequently. It is the duty of the state through its executive functionaries to ensure that the rights of children are not only safeguarded but persons who harm them are prosecuted in a manner that there is no likelihood of avoiding exemplary punishment. Crimes against children cannot be left to be dealt with by incompetent, unwilling and unprofessional investigators. Keeping in view the nature of offense of child sexual abuse and the state of affairs relating to the quality of investigations in Islamabad capital territory, it is directed that in a case involving alleged sexual abuse of a child, the investigations will be promptly entrusted to an official who is not lower in rank than an Assistant superintendent of police. In the present case the investigations are directed to be conducted by a senior officer. The Inspector General and Chief Commissioner, Islamabad capital Territory may also consider developing a mechanism for an examination of persons accused of sexual abuse or sexual molestation by a Medical Board to assess likely risk of repeating the offense if released on bail in addition to conducting a search regarding their past criminal history.

CHIEF JUSTICE

**INTERNATIONAL TREATIES, RIGHTS OF CHILDREN & FEMALE OF
RAPE VICTIMS. UNITED NATION CHILD RIGHTS CONVENTION 1989.
CASE LAWS HONORABLE SUPREME COURT & HIGH COURT**

- 1- 2022 SCMR 2123 PRESENT. Mr. Justice Syed Mansoor Ali Shah. Mrs. Justice Ayesh A. Malik. Case Title;-Raja Muhammad Owais vs Mst. Nazia Jabeen and others. ref. article 03,07,09,12 UNCRC.
- 2- 2023 P Cr.L J 1310 Islamabad, Muhammad Shahzad Khaliq vs the state. Islamabad high court Islamabad. Section 292-A,292-C, 337-B, 506 PPC victim age 15year & 17 years. Conviction maintain on the basis of solitary statement of victim. Para 12, optional protocol to the convention on the rights of the child on sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography. International guide line.

- 3- 2023 PLD 195. Islamabad. Legal Aid Foundation For Victims of Rape And Sexual Assault (Irsa) Through Authorized Person And 2 Others---petitioners Versus Federal Government through Secretary, Interior Division and others--Respondents. The Court emphasized the enforcement of laws like the Zainab Alert, Response and Recovery Act, 2020 and the Islamabad Capital Territory Child Protection Act, 2018. The SOPs of Gender and Child Protection Unit shall be revised and child rape, child molestation, sexual harassment of children shall be included in the SOP of Gender and Child Protection Unit.
- 4- 2023 PLD 110 Peshawar, Saeedullah---Petitioner Versus Lal Sher and others---Respondents. Pakistan has ratified the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. As per Article 40.
- 5- 2022 Pld 228 Islamabad Mst. Mumtaz Bibi Vs Qasim Ss. 375, 377- A & 377- B- - - Muslim Family Laws Ordinance (VIII of 1961), S. 5 - - - Islamabad Capital Territory Child Protection Act (XXI of 2018), S. 3- - - United Nations Convention on Rights of Child (UNCRC), Arts. 1, 3,4,9, 19,20,24,28,31,32 & 34.
- 6- 2022 P.Cr.LJ 151 Lahore. Muhammad Sajid alias Sajo vs the state. Section 377-A& 377-B PPC. Para No.05Tthe United Nation Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948. The United Nation Declaration of Rights of the Child 1959. The United Nation Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC) Articles 19,34.UNCRC.
- 7- 2022 MLD 1693. Lahore High Court (Multan Bench), Mst. Tahira Parveen--Petitioner Versus District Judge, Layyah and 2 others---Respondents, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989, 7 which Pakistan signed and ratified in the year 1990, where under it has been clearly envisaged that the children have a right to be heard in all matters affecting them and their views should be given due weightage in accordance with their age and maturity.
- 8- Crl. Misc. No.54853/B2022 Lahore High court Lahore. Muhammad Amar vs the state. Lahore high court. Section 365-B 376 PPC victim age 12 years old girl. Reference. The Vienna declaration, issued by the world conference on human rights in 1993. The anti-Rape(investigation and trial) act, 2021. 1- Establishment of special courts. 2- Establishment of Anti-rape crisis cell. 3- legal assistance to the victim's etc.
- 9- PLD 2021 Islamabad 431. Mubeen Ahmed vs The state, Section 377-A377-B para No.06 & para No.07 article 19 & 34,Article 34 UNCRC.

10-2021 PCrLJ 205 , Lahore high court Lahore Sadaf Azia vs federation of Pakistan. Victim of Rape virginity test. Scope and procedure. Article 5 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 (UDHR), Article 7 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 (ICCPR) and Article 16 of the Convention against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, 1984 (CAT). Article 12 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966 (ICESCR). Pakistan is also a signatory to and has ratified the Convention Against Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 1979(CEDAW).

11-2020 PLD 268 Islamabad. Khadim Hussain---Petitioner Versus Secretary, Ministry Of Human Rights, Islamabad And Others---respondents.

International Conventions/treaties Ratified By The State Of Pakistan. The Government of Pakistan has ratified seven crucial conventions having relevance to the rights of prisoners and which are as follows.-1- international Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination.2-Convention on the Rights of the Child.3-Convention against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment.4-International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. 5- International Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights. 6- Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women.7- Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

12-2020 PLD 739 Lahore. Muhammad Iqbal alias Bali---Petitioner Versus Province of Punjab through Secretary Home, Punjab and 6 others---Respondents. the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Children, 1989 (UNCRC) as well as International Convention on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 (ICCPR). Article 37(a) of the UNCRC and the Article 6 paragraph 5 of the C.C.P.R.

13. PLD 2000 LAHORE 449.The state vs Abdul Malik alias malkoo, para No 14, article,19 & 34 UNCRC.

ONLY VICTIM STATEMENT IS SUFFICIENT TO PROVE THE CASE OF CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE, RAPE AND UNNATURAL OFFENCE,

HONORABLE SUPREME COURT & HIGH COURT CASE LAWS.

HONORABLE SUPREME COURT OF PAKISTAN

2022 SCMR 544.section 376 PPC Rape Case. Abdul Ghani vs The State.
2022 SCMR 50.Zahid vs The state. 2021 SCMR 2002 Manzoor Ahmed and others
vs the state. PLD 2021 Supreme Court 550, Attif Zareef vs state. PLD 2020 SC 295.
irfan ali sher vs the state. PLD 2020 SC 313. PLJ 2020 SC (Cr.C) 274.2020 SCMR 590
Zahid and another vs the state. 2018 SCMR 1372.imran ali vs the state. Zanib Case
2014 SCMR 849.Ghulam Abbas vs federation of Pakistan. 2011 SCMR 1665.
Habib ullah vs the state. PLD 2010 SC 47. 2007 SCMR 698 Shariat appellate
jurisdiction Sain vs the state.2007 SCMR 473 Shariat appellate jurisdiction.
Mushtaq Ahmed and another vs the state. 2006 SCMR 1042. Shariat appellate
jurisdiction. Fayyaz alias Fayyazi vs the state. 2002 SCMR 1009 shahzad
alias shaddu and others vs the state. PLD 1995 Supreme Court 1. State through
advocate General Sindh. Karachi vs Farman Hussain.1976 SCMR 338. Ameer
umar vs the state.PLD 2020 SUPREME COURT 146, Raja Khurram Ali khan
vs Tayyaba bibi.

HONORABLE ISLAMABD HIGH COURT ISLAMABD

PLD 2023 Islamabad 195.Farishta child sexual abuse and murder case. 2019
YLR 2171 Islamabad. Aamir Hussain Shah vs The state. 2017 YLR 2031 Islamabad.
Wishal Masih vs the state. 2016 PCRLJ 156 Islamabad. Ghiyas ud din vs the state.
CRL. APPEAL 105/2015 Islamabad. Qari Rafiq vs the state. Solitary statement of
victim, conviction maintains.

HONORABLE LAHORE HIGH COURT LAHORE

2023 MLD 1134 Lahore. Naseer Ahmad vs the state. 2022 PCRLJ 645.Lahore.
Kamran and another vs the state. 2022 PCRLJ 1396.Lahore Rawalpindi
Bench. Iftikhar Ali vs state. PLJ 2021 Cr.C.(Lahore) 101. Amir Masih vs the
state, 2020 MLD 588 Lahore. Muhammad Mushtaq vs the state. PLD 2019
Lahore 366, Yasir Ayyaz and others vs the state. 2017 P.Cr.L.J Note 229 Lahore
(Rawalpindi Bench). 2017 P.Cr.L.J 452 Lahore (Rawalpindi Bench).
2015 P.Cr.L.J 1633 Lahore. Section 376-PPC statement of victim and compensation
to new born baby u/s 544 Cr.P.C, 2014 YLR 491 Lahore. PLJ 2010 Cr.C (Lahore)
714. Irfan alias fani vs the state. Solitary statement of victim, conviction maintains.

HONORABLE GILGIT BALTISTAN CHIEF COURT

2021 YLR 720 Gilgit –Baltistan Chief Court. Hamid Hussain vs the state.
Conviction maintain on the basis of solitary statement of victim.

HONORABLE BALOCHISTAN HIGH COURT

2023 P.Cr.L.J 655 Quetta- High- Court- Balochistan. Abdul Rehman Vs State ,
PLD 2023 Balochistan 70 Abdul Haye vs the state. 2023 PCr.LJ 655 Balochistan
abdul Rehman and another vs the state. 2022 P.Cr.L.J1710 Balochistan. Taj-ud-din
vs the state. 2021 YLR 1291 Quetta high court Baluchistan. Tayyab Raza vs the state.
2021 YLR Note 108 Balochistan (Sibi Bench) 2020 P Cr.L J 810 Balochistan
(Sibi Bench). Nisar Ahmed alias Chaloo vs The state. PLD 2018 Balochistan 71.
Hamidullah vs the state.Conviction maintain on the basis of solitary statement of
victim.

HONHORABLE PESHAWAR HIGH COURT

2023 MLD 1384 Peshawar high court Abdur Rahim Vs State. 2018 P.Cr.L.J 12
Peshawar. Abdul Haq vs the state. 2018 MLD 1014 Balochistan. Yasir and 2 others
vs the state. 2018 P.Cr.L.J 1513 Peshawar. Muhammad Arshad vs the state.
2015 YLR 703 Peshawar. Feroz khan vs the state. 2013 PCRLJ 800 Peshawar.
Hazrat Bilal vs the state. 2013 YLR 436 Peshawar. Conviction maintain on the basis
of solitary statement of victim.

HONORABLE SINDH HIGH COURT

2021 YLR 380 Sindh Hamza Alam vs the state. 2021 P.Cr.L.J Note 82 Sindh
(sukkur bench) Ali Murad Shaikh vs the state. 2018 MLD 1164 Sindh. Aijaz Hussain
vs the state. 2013 MLD 1656 Sindh. Asif Ali vs the state.1998 P.Cr.L.J 1429 Karachi.
Muh. Shamim vs the state.1971 P.Cr.L.J 1301 Karachi. Shamshad vs the state.
Conviction maintain on the basis of solitary statement of victim.

HONORABLE FEDERAL SHARIAT COURT

2019 MLD 1466 Fedaral Shariat Court.Tabassam zia vs the state. PLD 2012 FSC 01.
2012 PCRLJ 530 FSC. Muh. Aslam vs the state. 2012 YLR 847 FSC. Zulfiqar Ali
vs the state. 2012 YLR 652 FSC. Mazhar vs the state. 2012 PCRLJ 816 FSC.
Rashid Minhas vs Muh. Fayyaz. 2012 PCRLJ 739 FSC. Muahmmad Aslam alias
Saif and another vs the state.2012 YLR 2142 FSC. Qari Abdur Rasheed vs the state.
2011 SD 642 FSC. Khadim Hussain vs the state. 2012 SD 231 Muhammad Afzal and
Mst. Bushra bibi vs the state. 2011 PCRLJ 1534 FSC. Amjid Hussain vs the state.
2011PCRLJ 1964 FSC. Zafar Ali vs the state. 2011 PCRLJ 1443 FSC. Khadim
Hussain vs the state. 2007 P Cr.L J 1851 Shariat court (AJ&K). Habib ullah vs state.
2003 SD 217. Shakil etc vs the state. 1999 PCRLJ 787 FSC. Sampat vs the state.
1999 P Cr.L.J 686 FSC. Akbar Hussain vs the state. 1998 PCRLJ 1680 Shariat court
(AJ&K).Zatoon bibi vs the state. 1997 PCRLJ 1351 FSC. Muhammad Ashraf vs state.
1994 P.Cr.L.J 443 FSC.Zahoor Ahmed vs the state.
Conviction maintain on the basis of solitary statement of victim.



اگر آپ کا بچہ یا بچی تشدد کا شکار ہوا ہے تو ایف آئی آر (F.I.R) درج کروانے کا طریقہ کار

- ◆ قوعہ کی اطلاع بغیر کسی تاخیر کے متعلقہ تھانہ میں دیں
- ◆ قوعہ کی اطلاع پانام، ولدیت، جگہ، تاریخ، وقت تحریر کریں
- ◆ کوشش کریں کہ طبی معائنہ 24 گھنٹے کے اندر سرکاری ہسپتال جا کر کروائیں
- ◆ اگر جسم پر تشدد کے نشانات ہوں تو ان کا بھی طبی معائنہ کروائیں
- ◆ قوعہ سے متعلق تمام ثبوت پولیس کے حوالے کریں
- ◆ پولیس اور ہسپتال کا عملہ تمام کارروائی بغیر کسی معاوضہ کے قانونی طور پر کرنے کے پابند ہیں
- ◆ جہنسی تشدد کے جرائم میں ملزم ضمانت کا حقدار نہیں ہوتا
- ◆ چشم دید گواہان کے نام، ولدیت تحریر کریں
- ◆ قوعہ پذیر ہونے والا واقعہ تفصیل کے ساتھ تحریر کریں
- ◆ ملزم کا نام ولدیت، سکونت یا جلیہ، عمر، قد و غیرہ معلوم ہو تو تحریر کریں
- ◆ درخواست کو اچھی طرح سننے کے بعد اپنے دستخط یا انگوٹھا لگائیں

ایف آئی آر میڈیکل، ملزم کی گرفتاری یا جلالان کی تاخیر ہونے کی صورت میں سیشن کورٹ میں درخواست دی جاسکتی ہے

ساحل آفس سکھر
فون نمبر: 92-71563615
ساحل آفس جعفر آباد
فون نمبر: 92-71563615

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